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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

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India Govt. To Expand Mercantile Marine

Three Lakh Tons To Be On Register By June

ASSISTANCE TO PRIVATE COMPANIES TO ACQUIRE ADDITIONAL TONNAGE

NEW DELHI, October 13, (A.P.I.): The Commerce Ministry of the Government of India has taken in hand positive measures to build up a sizable Indian Mercantile Marine. It is pointed out, that this is a part of "a dynamic policy" with regard to Indian shipping to which the Government are committed.

COMMERCE MINISTER'S TARGET

It is calculated that in the ordinary course of events by June 1948 Indian Register might have about three lakh tons. If, however, the Commerce Minister, Mr. Bhabha has his aims fulfilled in some direction towards the acquisition of more tonnage in the near future, the total tonnage will be far higher and this will be a windfall.

It is pointed out in this connection that International shipping trade is more or less a "closed shop" business and there is a keen struggle for new entrants. Since the present Government took charge, the Commerce Minister Mr. Bhabha had consultations with Indian shipping interests and, it is believed, he has taken in hand for quick action the question of expansion of Indian Maritime trade and also the question of vessels from abroad.

GOVT.'S INITIATIVE

Owing to foreign exchange difficulties, the large amount of capital required for private enterprise and the necessity of obtaining state patronage for expansion of the national shipping trade, the Government of India, it is understood, have taken upon themselves the initiative in the expansion of this trade. The extent of Government participation and that of the public and other matters of detail await a decision.

As an initial step the Government of India are actively assisting Indian Companies to acquire additional tonnage either by purchase or by new construction.

CARGOES FOR SHIPS

The Government are also taking steps to secure cargoes for Indian ships and a beginning has been made by the stipulation that the 170,000 tons of cotton which India has contracted to export to Japan on a barter basis will be transported in Indian ships. Similarly wherever it is possible, food from abroad is to be brought in Indian ships. Incidentally India imports food worth nearly a hundred crores of rupees annually and of this value roughly ten per cent goes as freight charges.

This approach, however, does not always work, it is pointed out. For example, India has large railway orders in the United Kingdom but the U.K. Conference line, it is understood, raised strong objection against Indian ships carrying these goods because India is not a member of the Conference line. There is no ban on India participating in this Conference line and, in fact, an invitation is believed to have been extended to India. But it would be considered purposeless India joining this line without the country having adequate registered bottoms.

In view of Government of India's forward policy in regard to shipping some Indian Companies have already applied seeking permission for an expansion of their capital. A notable instance is that of the Scindias who, it is understood, may expand their capital by about 15 crores.

The targets to be reached during the next five to seven years as laid down by the Shipping Policy Committee presided over by Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyer and approved by Government are 100 per cent of the purely coastal trade of India, 75 per cent of India's trade with Burma, Ceylon and other geographically adjacent countries, 50 per cent of India's distant trade and 30 per cent of the trade formerly carried in Axis vessels in the orient.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON.
NEW YORK, Oct. 13.
New York Cotton Market is closed today.

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	469	0
Cotton Jarila March	471	8
Silver Bullion	154	8
Gold Forward	97	2
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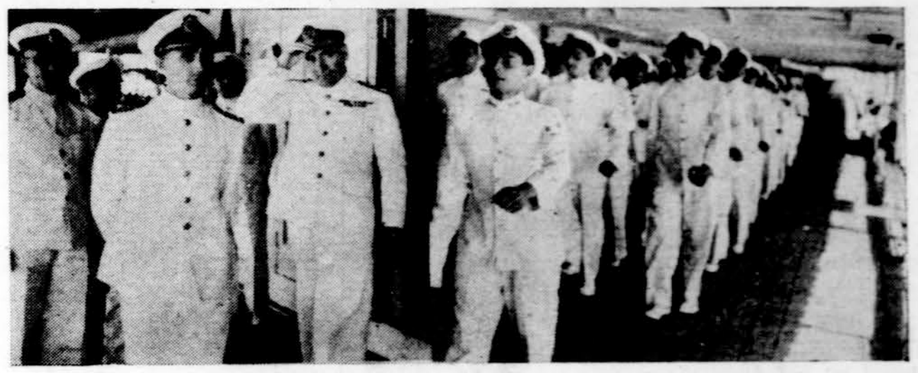

Rear Admiral J. T. S. Hall, Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, photographed while on an inspection visit to the Indian Mercantile Marine training ship 'Dufferin' on Saturday.

Bombay M.L.A. Murdered

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
POONA, Oct. 13.

Mr. Keshavrao Dnyanyji Patil, a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly was murdered under gruesome circumstances at his home village, Kameri in Walwe taluka of the Satara District on Sunday evening.

Mr. Patil went to Satara last week end to attend on his ailing father. About 6 p.m., while he was returning home from his field he was struck by an axe on the neck from behind by an unknown assailant. He died on the spot.

Mr. Patil was a young Advocate, 35 years of age. He first came into politics when as a youth of 18 he figured in the salt satyagraha at Shirod in 1930. During the 1942 movement he was an underground worker.

35-HOUR CURFEW IN PYDHONI

Sequel To Two Knife Attacks In Locality

BOMBAY, Oct. 13 (API).—The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has ordered curfew for 35 hours, from 7 p.m. on October 13 to 6 a.m. on October 15, in the places and areas surrounded by:

On the South Carnack Road (exclusive), On the East Mohamed Ali Road (exclusive), On the North Bhaji Pala Lane (inclusive), On the West Abdul Rahaman Street (exclusive).

KNIFE ATTACKS

"Two knife attacks took place in the Pydhoni section on Monday", says the Director of Publicity, Bombay, in a press note tonight.

A case of assault had also occurred in the same area earlier.

He adds: "Following these incidents and a case of looting, excitement prevailed and 35-hour curfew was imposed in the locality."

PERSIA BAN ON INDIAN VISITORS

Precautions Against Cholera

TEHERAN, Oct. 13, (Reuter): Persia today began taking new strict precautions against a possible cholera outbreak.

Travellers from India will not be allowed to enter Persia until further notice, it was officially announced.

Health inspectors have been installed in all frontier posts and travellers from Egypt are still banned.

U.S. MISSION'S VISIT TO BAGDAD CANCELLED

BAGDAD, Oct. 13, (Reuter): The official visit of the United States Congressional Committee Mission to Bagdad was cancelled today because of the protest by the Iraq Government and people against American Government support of the United Nations plan to partition Palestine.

Soviet Envoy Walks Out On Persian Premier

Protest Against Delay In Putting Oil Agreement To Majlis

TEHERAN, Oct. 13, (Reuter): The Soviet Ambassador to Teheran, M. Ivan Sadshikov, was reported today in the newspaper 'Qiami-Iran' here, to have walked out on the Persian Premier, M. Ghavam-es-Sultaneh on Saturday after failing to persuade him to put the Russo-Persian Oil Agreement to the Majlis (Persian Parliament) immediately.

The newspaper said the Ambassador insisted that there "must be no changes in the agreed terms" nor further delay in ratifying the agreement of April, 1946, under the terms of which a Russo-Persian Oil Company would be formed for exploiting the northern provinces oilfields.

The Premier is reported to have asked M. Sadchikov to have patience and to have said that he had an obligation to discuss the matter not only with members of Parliament and his own Democratic Party but in other important quarters.

The newspaper hinted that these other "important quarters" were the United States and British embassies.

With that, said the paper, M. Sadchikov got up and walked out, violently protesting.

On October 5, the Premier announced he would submit a detailed report to the Majlis on the project for establishment of the joint oil company, in which the Russions initially would control 51 per cent of the stock. The agreement was signed by Ghavam Es Sultaneh during the time of Soviet army occupation of Azerbaijan.

7 Prisoners Released In Jaipur

JAIPUR, Oct. 13 (API.) Seven prisoners, including some life convicts were released in Jaipur yesterday, on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee Celebrations in connection with the Maharaja of Jaipur accession to the throne.

The Prime Minister, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari was "at home" at the city palace in the afternoon, when besides his Highness of Jaipur, the rulers of Kotah and Dewas junior were also present.

The bazars were decorated and illuminated in the night.

New Offensive In Indo-China

French Troops Capture Large Towns

PARIS, Oct. 13. (Reuter): French troops, continuing their new offensive in Indo-China, have captured two large towns, Caobang, 128 miles north of Hanoi on the Chinese border and Backan, 80 miles north-west of Hanoi, according to to-day's French High Command 'communique' reported in a Saigon despatch from the French news agency.

Describing the progress of the French advance as "successful", the 'communique' said the road from Hanoi to Langson, on the Chinese border, was now completely in French hands.

Viet-Namese Nationalist forces have suffered "severe losses" during the past few days, the 'communique' said.

These included 150 killed in land fighting and an "undermined number" killed when ten junks were sunk off the coast of Cochin China.

French official circles in Saigon today announced that 660 French hostages, including 200 troops were being held by Viet-Minh, the Indo-Chinese autonomy movement.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN HUPEH

Heavy fighting was reported in Hupeh province with several thousand Communist troops assaulting under cover of artillery the town of Sushui on the Peking-Shihchiachuang railway, 16 miles north-east of the provincial capital of Paoting.

Nationalists north-east of Yehsien (north Shantung) have forced a Communist retreat, according to late reports. Mopping up operations were reported in south-east Shantung and one Communist column was stated to have been annihilated.

SOUND MAY REPLACE SOAP

PHILADELPHIA (Reuter): Two American research scientists, Dr. Pauline Mack and Dr. Harold Schilling, exposed a soiled cloth to ultrasonic sound waves of 18,000 frequency and had it clean as a whistle in a few minutes.

They believe that sound may someday replace soap

Terrorists Plan To Assassinate Ernest Bevin?

LONDON, Oct. 13, (Reuter): Instructions to "tighten up" police measures for the protection of the Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin went out from Scotland Yard, Britain's police headquarters, after threats had been received during the weekend that Mr. Bevin might be attacked by Terrorists, it was learned today.

A London evening newspaper reported today that Terrorists had discussed a plan to assassinate Mr. Bevin.

A Scotland Yard spokesman said "We have not uncovered any plot", adding that "from time to time, precautions are checked and tightened up".

The spokesman denied the newspaper report that Mr. Bevin's detective bodyguard had been specifically warned that "a definite attempt might soon be made on the Foreign Secretary's life".

EXPLOSION AT U.S. CONSULATE

JERUSALEM, Oct. 13, (Reuter): A heavy explosion occurred at the United States Consulate in Jerusalem today in the latest bomb attack on foreign consulates in the city.

STOP PRESS

BRITISH CONCERN IN PALESTINE

LONDON, Oct. 13, (Reuter): Mr. C. A. F. Dundas, British Charge D'Affaires in Damascus, called yesterday on the Syrian Acting Prime Minister, and informed him that while British troops remain in Palestine the British Government is responsible for law and order, a foreign office spokesman announced today.

RUSSIA SUPPORTS PALESTINE PARTITION

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), Oct. 13, (Reuter): Russia's delegate tonight supported in principle the recommendations in the majority report of the United Nations Commission on Palestine.

RUSSIAN RESOLUTION REJECTED

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 13, (U.P.A.): The Assembly's Political and Security Committee today overwhelmingly rejected the Russian resolution calling for immediate withdrawal of foreign troops from Greece and blaming Greece for frontier incidents.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON SOVIET STRATEGY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, (Reuter): The present Soviet strategy in Europe with a view to counteracting the formation of the new nine-nation International Communist "Comintern", was believed to have been discussed thoroughly by President Truman at a hurriedly-summoned White House meeting here today with leading United States statesmen and diplomats.

Govt. Plan To Mitigate Tenants' Hardship

Morarji Desai Defends Rent Control Bill

NO ELIMINATION OF LANDLORDS SOUGHT: MEASURE GOES TO SELECT COMMITTEE

(From Our Special Representative)
POONA, Oct. 13.

A strong defence of the motives and intentions of the Government as well as the provisions of the Rent Control Bill were made by Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue as well as Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies at the closing stage of the three days' debate on the first reading of the Rent Control Bill in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

JUSTICE TO BOTH SIDES

Mr. Morarji Desai stated that the Bill had been framed with the sole desire of seeing that the tenants are not harassed or exploited in any way and that at the same time the minimum legitimate rights of the landlords are also not abused by the tenants. Mr. Dinkerrao Desai said that the Bill had certainly not been brought forward with the idea of eliminating landlords or expropriating them.

It did not aspire to convert private ownership into public ownership or to establish a Communist State. It had been brought forward merely for the purpose of mitigating the hardships of tenants. While submitting that it was capable of being amended and improved he roundly condemned opposition to it as just so much misleading propaganda and said that the Bill would be in the real interests of the tenants and that it would create conditions which would remove most of the difficulties experienced by tenants.

FIRST READING PASSED.

The first reading of the Bill having been passed, the Bill was referred to a Select Committee. Messrs. R. A. Khedgikar, Bhiwanji Arjun Khimji, Mahomed Umar Rajab, Bhoglal Lala, S. T. More, Babubhai Patel, M. D. Joshi and Mrs. Tarabai Modak participated in the debate and generally supported the Bill.

PRIORITY FOR HOUSING SCHEMES.

Mr. Khedgikar said that the Bill by itself did not provide housing. He suggested that housing schemes should be given the highest priority as if they were war emergency measures.

Mr. Morarji Desai in the course of his speech strongly refuted the arguments of persons like Mr. Dange who wanted to defame the Government in season and out of season. The object of the Bill was to see that the largest number of tenants received due

(Continued on Page 5)

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Miss Mistry Springs A Surprise

Times Table Tennis Tournament

BOMBAY, Monday.—Miss D. C. Mistry sprang the first surprise in this year's Times Table-Tennis Tournament by accounting for Miss Dadyburjor in straight sets. Miss M. Brodie fade from her triumphs at Poona won both her rounds comfortably.

There was little of note in the Juniors' singles event.

The results:

JUNIOR'S SINGLES:

FIRST ROUND—A. K. Madanani beat F. A. Mowjee 21-18, 21-7; M. Shafi beat Z. Fattah 21-13, 21-15; M. L. Apte beat K. R. Irani 21-13, 21-14, S. G. Wasani beat S. J. Dastur 21-7, 21-5; A. L. Apte beat K. H. Sheikh 21-18, 21-23, 21-18; J. G. Kajaria w.o H. D. Seth.

SECOND ROUND—S. K. Thackersey beat G. Reubens 21-13, 18-21, 21-7; A. I. Jacob beat S. C. Parikh 21-8, 22-20; M. M. Desai beat R. R. Kandawalla 21-11, 22-20; M. Shafi beat P. M. Shah 21-16, 21-16; S. G. Wasani beat A. L. Apte 21-6, 26-24; I. Joosab beat B. M. Vakil 21-14, 15-21, 21-17; J. G. Kajaria beat A. K. Madanani 21-12, 16-21, 21-18; M. L. Apte beat D. N. Chopra 21-10, 21-17.

LADIES SINGLES

FIRST ROUND—Miss M. Dadyburjor beat Miss Sathe 21-15, 21-18; Miss I. R. Khatau beat Miss I. Desai 23-21, 21-19; Miss K. R. Lotwalla beat Miss V. Joshi 21-15, 21-6; Miss M. E. Ghaswalla beat Miss S. S. Motiwalla 21-8, 21-13; Mrs. G. Nasikwalla w.o Miss G. Billimoria; Miss J. Walawalkar w.o. Miss A Sethna; Miss P. Dhondy beat Miss S. Amladi 21-18, 21-15; Miss M. Brodie beat Miss M. C. Mehta 21-9, 21-13.

SECOND ROUND Miss P. Dhondy w.o. Miss A. Nariman; Mrs. Nasikwalla beat Miss K. R. Lotwalla 21-10, 21-9; Miss M. E. Ghaswalla beat Miss I. Desai 21-7, 21-12; Miss D. C. Mistry beat Miss M. Dadyburjor 21-16, 21-16; Miss M. Brodie beat Miss R. Wadia 21-15, 21-13; Miss D. Munshi beat Miss A. Joosab 23-21, 21-12.

Tuesday's matches commencing from 5-30 p.m.—First and Second rounds of the upper half of men's singles.

BERGMANN TO VISIT INDIA

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13 (API).—Mr. Munish Chatterjee, Honorary Secretary of the All-India Table Tennis Federation, announces that Mr. R. Bergmann, World Table Tennis Champion in 1937 and 38, has accepted the All-India Table Tennis Federation's invitation to arrive in India on November 30 for a table tennis tour of the country, provided the All-India Federation undertakes the financial responsibility.

Mr. Chatterjee adds that he is now ascertaining the view of the different units of the Federation regarding the proposed tour of the World Table Tennis Champion. A meeting of the Councillors of the Federation will be held in Madras about the end of this month, when itinerary dates for exhibition matches and financial quota for each unit will be fixed.

The Bombay soccer team for the National Tourney now in progress in Calcutta, left on Saturday. Above is the picture of the group taken at V.T., Bombay is due to meet Bihar today (Tuesday).

Official Reception To Indian Team In Australia

Amarnath And Gupta Stress Cricket As Cementing Link Between Dominions

PERTH, Oct. 13 (Reuter).—Speaking at the first official function today in honour of the Indian Cricketers given jointly by the West Australian Government, the Mayor of Perth and the West Australia Cricket Association Lala Amarnath, the Indian Captain said: "It is the greatest ambition of every cricketer whether English, South African or West Indian to play against Australia which must be universally admitted at present as the leading cricketing country."

He added, "It is a high honour to be playing in a country which produced Noble, Armstrong, MacArtney, Trumper, Hailey and the one and only Bradman. I hope our two countries—sister Dominions in a Commonwealth of diverse nations—will meet many times in future and I feel that sport will play a big role in developing goodwill between us."

Pankaj Gupta, Manager of the Indian team, referred significantly to hat-tricks by remarking that this was his hat-trick as a manager in Australia "but this is the most difficult mission of my life."

CRICKET, ONE OF GRANDEST GAMES

"We have no pretensions that we will teach you anything about the game. If we lose we will have lost nothing. If we win we will have learnt something and perhaps when you come to India, we may be able to teach you something", a remark which produced some appreciative laughter interspersed with a voice calling "We hope so." On behalf of India, Gupta wished West Australia luck in this their first season as competitors in the Sheffield Shield Tournament and added that although Merchant's absence was a severe loss and the other withdrawals from India's team were regrettable, perhaps the replacements might prove as good if not better than expected. Our two countries know too little of each other and I am reminded of our first Hockey matches here in 1935. Returning by boat I heard the question who won? And the response was 'Ranji easily.' The aim of our boys will be to preach India and they will do so by their conduct. I want them to get to know you and you to get to know them. Finally whatever happens politically in our country, cricket will always remain one of its grandest games."

CHEERING FOR STROKES

Earlier when supporting the toast of the tourists, the Mayor said that although this was the first Indian team to visit Australia they had seen such splendid cricketers as Ranjitsinhji, Duleepsinhji and Pataudi. "I have heard stories of Ranji smashing pickets but I hope you young men are not so destructive to our fences." Referring to barracking the State Premier, Duncan Ross Mclarty, said that the tourists would find cheering for their strokes, bowling and fielding just as spontaneous as in India. The Board of Control Representative, Hugh Randall, said he was confident that the game would be lifted to a higher plane as a result of the present tour

HEAVY RAINS PREVENT INDIAN TEAM'S PRACTICE

PERTH, October 13 (Reuter).—A renewal of heavy rain during the night unfortunately prevented any practice for India's cricketers on the ground here today and it is even doubtful whether it will be possible to practice tomorrow. The pitch for the opening match is unlikely to be fast unless there is an unexpected change in the weather to bring a high drying wind. It may be slow and easy if warmer weather intervenes. Meanwhile the team availed itself of the opportunity to practice indoors where on a pitch with matting over the wooden floor the ball came through fast and high. Players treated this practice more as a muscle loosener than serious batting and bowling for conditions were entirely different to anything likely to be met during the tour. All members of the touring party attended except Rangnekar, who has a slight cut on a little finger which however is unlikely to keep him from playing on the opening match. Earlier the team had half an hour's physical culture. All are keen and eager to get started on the tour.

Ibrahim's Century For C.C.I.

K. C. Ibrahim, one of the candidates to fill in the vacancy in the Indian team caused by the absence of Vijay Merchant, scored a century for the Cricket Club of India in their second innings before retiring. Uday Merchant alias Thackersey was another to bat well with a well merited 78.

The following are the scores:

C.C.I. First Innings 131 (Tarapore 5 for 35) and 260 for 5 wickets declared (Ibrahim 100 retired, U. M. D. Thackersey 78 and Madan Raiji 42); Dr. Kanga's XI First Innings 201 (J. B. Patel 74; Achadwalla 46; Garudachar 5 for 63) and 92 for 6 wickets (N. H. Colah 30, D. B. Satha 30 not out; S. P. Pandit 3 for 4.)

Hindu Gymkhana 237 for 5 wickets declared (Phaterphekar 61 not out) drew with Dadar Union Sporting Club 172 for 5 wickets B. D. Desai 61).

C.C.I. Annual Swimming Gala

The Cricket Club of India will stage its Annual Swimming Gala on Sunday, November 2, at 9 a.m. at the Club's Swimming Pool. Entries close on Friday, 24th October, 1947 at 6 p.m. and the programme will consist of twenty events. Entry forms and all other information pertaining to the Gala will be available from the Club's office.

W. I. HARIJANS SUPPORT NEHRU GOVT.

From the Western India Harijan League Office:

An appeal to all loyal citizens of India to extend their unflinching co-operation to the National Government in restoring peace and amity was made by Mr. Bhagat Ami Chand, General Secretary, All-India Harijan League, addressing a special meeting of Harijan leaders and workers of Bombay Province, held under the auspices of the Western India Harijan League to chalk out a detailed programme for the All-India Harijan Conference. Mr. Bhanjibhai Rathod, Harijan Municipal Councillor, presided.

The speaker paid glowing tributes to Mahatma Gandhi for having victoriously led the nation to the cherished goal of independence.

HARIJAN CONFERENCE IN CITY

It has been decided to hold the All-India Harijan Conference in Bombay during the last week of November under the presidentship of Mr. Hemchandra Nasker, Harijan Minister, Western Bengal, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel have been requested to inaugurate the Conference and unfurl the national flag respectively.

A Reception Committee with the following has been formed: Mr. Bhanjibhai Rathod, President, Master Shamji Nanji Marwadi, Vice-President, Mr. Dhanjibhai Jigodiya, General Secretary and Mr. P. T. Patel, Treasurer.

3,000 Workers Idle

BOMBAY, Monday.

Three thousand workers of the Hindustan Mills are idle today. It is said that since the last two days 80 women of the winding department have refused to work because a woman was discharged a few days ago by the management. The stoppage of work in the winding department thus affected the Mill.

RECEPTION TO AJIT ROY

BOMBAY, Monday.

There could be no solution of the communal, political, economic and social problems facing India unless complete political power passed into the hands of the working class and peasants, said Mr. Ajit Roy, leader of the Indian Bolshevik Leninist Party, who returned to Bombay after seventeen years of party activities in England, speaking at a reception held in his honour this evening at the Cama Hall, Bombay. Miss Shanta Patel presided.

If the present Congress leadership, which in Mr. Roy's opinion was capitalist, was allowed to continue in power, the communal issue would become a fundamental political principle in its plank in order to divide the ranks of the working class and wield sway over them, he added.

Mr Roy said that the main aim and ideal of the Bolshevik Leninist Party of India was to effect a sweeping change in the present capitalist structure of society and establish the rule of the working class and peasants based on Marxian and Leninist principles.

HIT AT REDS & SOCIALISTS

He strongly criticised the policy followed by the Communist Party and the Socialist Party, of India, the former deriving its inspiration from the ruling oligarchy in Russia, and the latter often aligning itself with the capitalist wing of the Congress on fundamental issues. He was emphatic that these parties had tragically failed in their objectives judging from their past history.

TRIPLE CROWN FOR MISS BRODIE

Poona College Open Table Tennis

POONA, Oct. 13. (A.P.I.): The Poona Engineering College open table tennis tournament ended in a trail of glory for Miss Mabel Brodie from Bombay who won the triple crown. She encountered not much difficulty in defeating Miss Walawakar to win the singles title.

D. H. Kapadia gave a brilliant display to beat P. S. Varde in three straight games to claim his singles title and thus became the first winner of the rolling cup handed over to the College by Sir Cowasji Jehangir to be presented to singles champion.

Mrs. J. H. Taraporewalla gave away the prizes.

Following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES—D. H. Kapadia beat P. S. Varde 21-11, 21-8, 21-6.

WOMEN'S SINGLES—Miss M. Brodie beat Miss S. Walawakar 21-13, 21-19, 23-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES: D. H. Kapadia and K. H. Kapadia beat P. S. Varde and Khanchand, 21-16, 21-14, 21-16.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES—Miss Brodie and Miss Macklai beat Miss Walawakar and Miss Dharap 12-21, 21-17, 24-22, 16-21, 21-16.

MIXED DOUBLES—Khanchand and Miss Brodie beat P. S. Varde and Miss Walawakar 21-16, 16-21, 23-21, 21-18.

DELHI SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS

Chandra Prominent In Women's Events

NEW DELHI, October 12 (API):—The following are the results of the swimming championships held here under the Delhi Olympic Association.

SECTION A:—

25 yds free style: Sanjit 1, Whadwani 2, M. Satish 3.

25 yds. breast stroke: M. Satish 1, G. Whadwani 2, V. Ambedeokar 3.

Relay race: Modern Higher Sec. School 1, St. Columbus School 2.

Plain dive: Coverdale 1, S. Singh G. Whadwani 3.

SECTION B:—

50 yds free style: B. Dhar 1, C. Holland 2, S. B. Singh 3.

50 yds. breast stroke: Raj Kul. Kohli 1, R. Iengar 2, C. Causekar 3.

Relay race: St. Columbus School, Modern Higher Secondary School 2.

Running front dive: Ramesh Nara. 1, C. Causekar 2, Raj Kumar Kohli 3.

Sardarni Sobha Singh Challeng Cup was won by St. Columbus School with 16 points.

Mrs. Kagal Challenge Cup was won by St. Columbus School with 16 points.

SECTION C:—

100 yds. free style: Chandra Ratri 1, Om Prakash 2, Kailash Chandra 3.

200 yds. free style: Chandra Ratri 1, Kailash Chandra 2, Joshi 3.

Relay race: Chelmsford Club 1, Chelmsford Club 2.

100 yds. back stroke: Kailash Chandra 1, Om Prakash 2, Joshi 3.

200 yds. back stroke: Kailash Chandra 1, Om Prakash 2.

100 yds. breast stroke: Gulab Dutt 1, Kailash Chandra 2.

Diving: K. R. Kapur 1, K. K. Mehra 2, Joshi 3.

Kirpa Narain Challenge Cup was won by Cheimsford Club with 26 points.

SECTION D (WOMEN):—

25 yds. free style: A. Chandra 1, G. Brendish 2, Y. Robins 3.

25 yds. breast stroke: Chandra 1, Brendish 2.

Relay race: Church School Team 1.

Plain dive: Kanta Gupta 1, Chandra 2, Brendish 3.

Running front dive: Chandra 1, Brendish 2.

Mrs. Rameshwar Dyal Challenge Cup was won by New Delhi Church School with 25 points.

KINGSLEY KENNERLEY IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday.—The famous British Cueist Kingley Kennerley will be arriving in Bombay by the S.S. "Strathedeen" due to arrive in Bombay on the 18th of this month.

He will stay at the C.C.I. and the following will be his programme while in Bombay.

Monday—20 P. J. Hindu Gymkhana 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Tuesday 21—Catholic Gymkhana 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Wednesday 22—Islam Gymkhana 6 p.m. to 8 p.m., Bombay Gymkhana 9-30 p.m. to 11-30 p.m.

Thursday 23—Willingdon Sports Club 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Friday 24—Elphinstone C.C. 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Saturday 25—C.C.I. 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.; Bombay Provincial Billiards Association 9-30 p.m. to 11-30 p.m.

Sunday 26—B. P. B.A. 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

A provisional itinerary has been arranged for Kennerly's tour of India. It is as follows:

October 20-26—Bombay.
Oct. 28 to Nov. 2—Bangalore.
Nov. 5-15—Calcutta.
Nov. 18-20—Darjeeling.
Nov. 24-28—Lucknow.

Bradman Gets A Duck

ADELAIDE, October 13 (Reuter):—Don Bradman, famous Australian cricketer was bowled first ball by K. O'neill, during South Australia trial match here to-day. The best batting performance was that of Hamence who had scored 51 before retiring, while the Test match bowler, Bruce Dooland, had the best bowling figures with three for 52.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF IXL JAM ASSORTED
36 x 1½ lb. tin to a case.
Enquiries invited from wholesale buyers by:
HAJEE M. MD. ZAKRIA & CO.
BANGALORE CANTT. Tel. 'NOOR' B'lore.
(Stock at Madras)

HOW FRESH and CLEAN MY MOUTH FEELS when I use Colgate Dental Cream!
After every meal, I brush my teeth with Colgate Dental Cream to keep my teeth bright and clean, my whole mouth fresh, perfumed! And I know too that my breath will not offend, because Colgate's foam gets into the crevices between the teeth and removes the decaying food particles that cause much bad breath.
Colgate Dental Cream cleans and polishes teeth without harm to delicate enamel or irritation to tender gums. That's why I use it regularly and frequently, at least twice a day!
NO BAD BREATH BEHIND HER SPARKLING SMILE

SO PLEASANT TO TAKE
Cremaffin
the creamy emulsion of magnesia with liquid paraffin, which relieves constipation, indigestion, acidity, etc., by gently correcting and assisting bowel action. Children love it
Your chemist or dealer stocks it
Distributed in India by:
BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. (INDIA) LTD.

NEW YORK DIRECT FROM BOMBAY
With our increased services we are now able to offer IMMEDIATE bookings for passengers from BOMBAY direct to the MIDDLE EAST, EUROPE and AMERICA
'SKYCARGO'
TWA's 'ALL CARGO' Starliner "Bombay Merchant" leaves Bombay each week. Send your parcels and freight by 'SKYCARGO' Full particulars from our general agents in India 'AIR INDIA LIMITED'—The Tata Line or from any authorised travel agency.
TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINE
(Incorporated with Limited Liability in the U. S. of America)

THE SQUANDERER could have been excused in the good old days of plenty. But to-day with economy as the watchword it is vital to save even the smallest bits and pieces of
HAMAM & 501 SOAPS
THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LTD.

One premium insures
YOUR FUTURE WRITING PROSPECTS
. . . because the Mentmore Autoflow is specially made from materials proved to withstand the Indian climate. Available in Drop-filling, Lever, and Stud-filling models. The nib is solid, 14-ct. gold, tipped with osmi-iridium. Look for the Mentmore name engraved on every barrel, every nib — your assurance of life-long service.
Rs 15!
MADE IN ENGLAND
MENTMORE Auto-Flow FOUNTAIN PEN
Trade Enquiries to Sole Distributors
MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 773, Bombay.

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YES, in a few minutes that Headache will go and you will feel bright and happy again. 'Mentholatum' relieves pain so quickly that it seems almost like magic. You can *feel* its cooling soothing touch begin at once to ease the painful throb. And it is so simple to use "Mentholatum." You just rub this wonderful balm where the pain is and the pain goes. That's all you have to do to relieve Headache, Nerve Pains, Faceache, Pains in the Limbs, etc. Don't suffer Aches and Pains another minute. Get a jar of 'Mentholatum' today. It is sold by all up-to-date dealers.
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UZRA BEGUM, RAJ KAPOOR and B. M. VYAS in
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ON FRIDAY 17th
9-30 A.M.
DEEWAR
On Sat. 18th 9-30 a.m.
PATHAN
On SUNDAY 19th
9-30 A. M.
Royal Opera House
Plans open from Tuesday

9th WEEK of Crowds
DIN PICTURES' Musical
JAGBITI
SURAIYA, SADIQ ALI, SULOCHANA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. 1 p.m.
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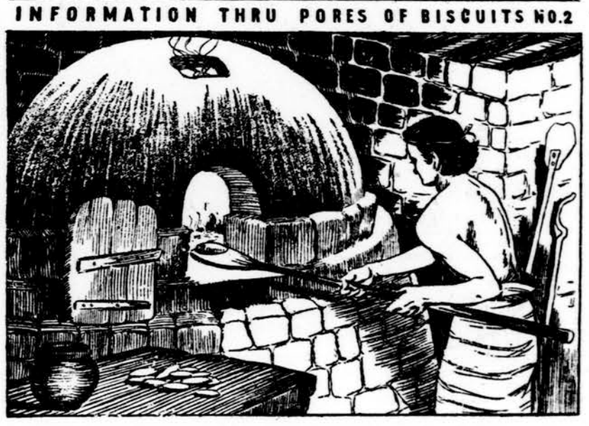
INFORMATION THRU PORES OF BISCUITS NO.2



Biscuit in early India

Our ancients in the Vedic age offered "Apupa", their biscuits, to the gods, they loved and adored. The modern experts have brought the baking art to the fancy level of ACME biscuits.

Acme BISCUITS

Acme Specials, Nice, Marie, Custard Cream, Cream Cracker, Saltish, Petit Buerre, Finger Cream, Ginger Nut, Arrowroot Wafer, Thin Arrowroot, Kindu Garten.

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Prohibition Vigilance Sub-Committee

The Government of Bombay has approved of the action of the Vigilance Sub-Committee in appointing a Sub-Committee with the Commissioner of Excise, Bombay, as Chairmen; the Inspector-General of Police, Mr. Homi J. Talyarkhan and Mr. V. S. Dongre as members, and the Secretary, Provincial Prohibition Board, as Secretary, to report to the Vigilance Sub-Committee of the Provincial Prohibition Board on the vigilance arrangements to be made for the prosecution of the prohibition programme.

MR. DINKARRAO DESAI

The Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, will arrive in Bombay from Poona on Friday, October 17.

5TH WEEK OF TRIUMPH
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Hol Matinee at 1 p.m
Inspiring Story of a militant maid who meets her fate with courage in the eye and hope in the heart.
G. M. A. CALCUTTAWALLA presents
GIRIBALA
Screen Adaptation of GURUDEV TAGORE'S MAN-BHANJAN
Music KAMAL DASGUPTA
AHIN CHOWDHURI, DHIRAJ INDRANI DEVI CHITRALEKHA
AT
OPERA HOUSE

CITY & SUBURBS

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 30, 2003.
Muslim: Zilkad 28, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 11, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-32 a.m. Sunset: 6-18 p.m.
Hightide: 11-52. Lowtide: 05-46, 18-08.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

SHYAMANI—Sunderji Pitambar of Pitamber Anandji Mithaiwala, Bhuleshwar Road, Bombay 2, and Bombay Vihar, Laxmi Road, Poona City, revered father of Narottamdas Shyamani, died at Poona on Monday the 13th October, 1947.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting today at 3-10 p.m (S.T.), to debate a resolution on the Rent Bill.

CHETANA: Angela Trindade's Exhibition of Christian Paintings, date of closing extended to Oct. 18.

MYSORE AID COMMITTEE: Public meeting today at Napoo Gardens (Matunga) at 8-30 p.m. when Mr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, will address the meeting on 'Mysore Freedom Struggle'.

FIRE SERVICES MEMORIAL COMMITTEE: Unveiling of the Memorial erected in Memory of the Officers and Men of the Fire Services, who lost their lives in the Dock Explosions in 1944, by Mr. A. P. Sabavala, Mayor of Bombay, at the Fire Brigade Headquarters, Byculla, today (Tuesday) at 5-39 p.m. (S.T.).

ROTARY CLUB: Meeting at Green's Hotel (first floor) at 1-45 p.m.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will address on "Trends in International Affairs".

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE: Public Lecture Dr. S. M. Katre, will deliver a lecture on "The Growth of a National Language" in the Library Hall (1st floor) of the Institute today at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, will preside

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have elected Prof. M. P. Gandhi as the representative of the Chamber on the Traffic Advisory Committee for a term of two years commencing from October, 1947.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

"A" WARD FORWARD BLOC

There will be a formal reception to Mr. Nirmal Ghosh who has returned from England, this evening (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. at the party office in Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort. Mr. Mukundlal Sircar Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, will preside.

PUBLIC MEETING AT MADANPURA: Under the auspices of Jamiatul Ansar, Bombay a public meeting will be held today at 9 p.m. at Wellingdon Garden, Madanpura, to support peace and unity mission of Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Vice-President, B.P.C.C. will preside. Loud speakers will be installed at the meeting.

BOMBAY ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR REFUGEES: Mr. Bimal Sharma and Major P. N. Natu have been appointed members on the Bombay Advisory Committee for Refugees by the Government of Bombay.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Oct. 14.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shripad Nageshkar (Gat tora on tabla) 8-45 Suman Shroff (Prahlad Parekh) (Gujarati Geet) 9-0 Gangubai Hangal (Asawari) 12-0 Akashwanine Chotare Variety programme in Gujarati 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (B) 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 S. K. Joshi (Pad V. S. Desai) 4-35 D. M. Kamat (Puria Dhanashri) 5-0 Vinayakrao Ghangrekar (Gat tora on the Tabla) 5-15 B. D. Wadikar (Patdeep) 5-45 Topic 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 S. K. Joshi (Pad) 6-30 Bhayyalal Sawneri (Ghazal) (U. Ansari) 6-45 Suman Shroff (Gujarati Geet) 7-0 D. M. Kamat (Bhoop) 7-30 Navi Marathi Pustake Book Review in Marathi by S. P. Bhagwat 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Chitthi Gujarati Roopak written by Vinodini Nilkanth 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 10-20 Music from America.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Marathi Songs. 6-15 p.m. Rural Listeners 7-30 to 7-45 As in Bombay 1 7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Suman Shroff (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 D. M. Kamat (Pad) 8-30 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1 9-0 B. D. Wadikar (Puria) 9-30 Bhayyalal Sawneri (Ghazal Shakil) 9-40 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Miyan Malhar Bahar).

NO PROHIBITION OF OPTIONS

City Association's Memorandum To Govt. On Forward Contracts Act

In the course of a memorandum to the Finance Member, Government of Bombay, suggesting certain amendments to the Draft Bill of the Forward Contracts Control Act, 1947, the President, Bombay Grains and Seeds Association says:—

"As the Bill itself proposes in its statement of objects and reasons simply to classify options, it is not necessary to state that it is meant to prohibit options. Again, as option and double option are legitimate methods of business recognised all over the world and help to stabilise the market for the benefit of the trade in general, it is most inadvisable to prohibit such transactions. Even if such transactions are prohibited they are bound to go on and any efforts to send people to jail for such transactions will be ridiculous. It must not be forgotten that on the exercise of the option, the right to buy or sell comes into existence and the contracts become contracts for delivery.

With reference to the definition of the word "contract" the Local Legislature is not entitled to change the same from what it is in the Indian Contract Act.

As regards discretion given to Government to withdraw recognition, it may be pointed out that discretion given to any officer is always dangerous, and it is always advisable that action in Court should be taken in every case in which any breach of the rules is alleged.

The Government should frame such rules as may prevent big speculators from hammering or disturbing the market, but at the same time may enable the hundreds of thousands of middle class businessmen to earn their livelihood in different trades, so that they may not be thrown out of employment, but may help the country to be put on a sound basis for all times to come.

If any undue restraint is placed on business in Bombay, the whole business may be diverted to neighbouring States and Provinces never to return again, causing greatest business calamity both to the people and its Government."

Prohibition Advisory Committees

To advise and help the Provincial Prohibition Board in respect of the Government's Prohibition policy and programme, the Government of Bombay has set up 20 District (one for each District) and four city (one each for the Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona and Sholapur cities) Prohibition Committee.

The Collectors have been appointed chairman of the Committees except in case of the Bombay City Prohibition Committee which will have the Minister for Excise as its chairman.

The Prohibition Propaganda Officers will be the Secretaries of the Committees concerned. An Excise Official from the area concerned will serve as the "Ex-officio" Secretary of the Committee.

The District and City Prohibition Committees can co-opt any person or persons, subject to a maximum of one-third of the total number of the members.

South Indian School For Kalyan

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, Oct. 13.

The 19th Annual meeting of the Kalyan South Indian Association was held yesterday afternoon in the Association premises, Mr. K. Vaidyanath Iyer presiding. New office-bearers were elected for the coming year Mr. K. Vaidyanath Iyer was re-elected as President, Mr. P. N. Gopalan, Vice-President, and Mr. T. V. N. Raghavan General Secretary and Treasurer. Important items of the activities of the Association were the maintaining of a library and celebrations of Ramanavami festivals for nine days and weekly bhajans.

All the preliminary arrangements have been completed to start a South Indian School by the Association on and from the 24th October 1947 (an auspicious day i.e. Vijaya Dasami) in the Association Room. By establishing this school the difficulties of sending children to Matunga will be saved. The authorities propose to start Tamil, Telugu and Kanarese classes in this School and already 25 students have enlisted as students. A Sub-Committee has been formed with Mr. P. N. Gopalan as Chairman to look into the affairs of the school.

NEED FOR A DRIVERS' ACT

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union writes:—We have to draw attention of the public and the Government of Bombay to the fact that we have been trying to persuade the employers for the last three years to consider the grievances of our members. It is very regrettable to state that they have given a deaf ear to our requests. We are, however, very hopeful that our Government with Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda as a Labour Minister, will do something to redress our grievances. We appeal to the Labour Minister to table in the Bombay Legislative Assembly during the current session a Drivers' Act on the lines of Shops Act and Factory Act to safeguard the interests of the private motor drivers.

RESTRICTION ON ANIMAL SLAUGHTER

The Government of Bombay has directed that the number of animals slaughtered during any week at the slaughter houses at place specified in the order should not exceed the number indicated therein.

The order has come into effect from October 5, 1947.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 15-10-47:—There may be a few light showers in Warangal and Nalgonda districts of the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—Dry weather mainly over the Region.

POLICE MAKE SENSATIONAL ARRESTS AFTER 36-HOUR CHASE

Attempt To Whisk Away Cotton Bales Fails

BOMBAY, Monday.

A ceaseless 36-hour hunt, in the course of which Bombay's entire Police Force was called out to join and the City's airports, docks, railway termini, hotels and pleasure-resorts from Colaba to distant Versova were all thoroughly combed out, resulted in the Police finally succeeding in getting hold of their quarry along with half a-dozen accomplices last night.

The wanted man in this chase was Mohan Kishen Chand Bashi Kapur who is said to have played one of the cleverest ruses the Bombay C.I.D. had ever experienced.

Kapur is the alleged brain behind the ruse. It was stated that he vanished with Rs 30,000 handed over by the Police to a bogus customer to be paid for the purchase of 13 bales of cotton piece-goods almost through a trap laid by the Police for him.

The Police received information on Oct. 7th, that some brokers had approached Rajaballi Jamalbhai with an offer of 13 bales of cotton piece-goods for Rs 30,000 from a City Mill as a certain quota-holder did not take delivery of the same.

Rajaballi is said to have passed on the information to the Police as one interested in extirpating such anti-social activities.

The officers of the Crime Branch II of the Bombay C.I.D., who deal with textile offences, therefore, chose him for the role of a bogus customer in the deal.

He was thereupon introduced to Kapoor Shankar Nanji Patil and Shridhar Ganesh Vaidya.

Vaidya, it is alleged made a very good pretence of conducting negotiations with some officials of the Mill concerned.

The bogus customer, was after protracted negotiations taken on Saturday noon to the residence of Vaidya at Wodehouse Road, Colaba, to put a finishing touch to the transaction. The bogus customer was subsequently taken to the luxury-flat of Buxiram Sukhdayal. At this place Kapoor met him again along with the owner of the place. Kapoor introduced himself as the latter's brother. He evaluated the bales and quoted the final price as Rs. 29,538.

The bogus customer who had in his wallet a fat wad of marked notes counted the sum and paid it to Kapoor. Kapoor asked him to meet him at DeLisle Road to take delivery of the bales from the Mills' godown.

Kapoor then hailed a taxi which was waiting for him and drove off.

The Police who wanted to trap him only when delivery was made immediately sent out wireless signals to strategic centres to keep an eye on the vehicle the number of which was flashed through.

Meanwhile the Police placed under arrest Taherbhai Mohamedali, Abdul Sakur Abdul Gani, Yahabhai Abdulali and Mohamed Razab the alleged brokers.

At DeLisle Road, the Police anxiously waited for the arrival of Kapoor, but he never showed his face till police traced him at a girl's house at Dadar.

He was carrying with him an attache-case in which the money was concealed.

The Police recovered Rs. 27,700. The rest is suspected to have been spent by Kapoor.

Earlier the Police had arrested Vaidya, Baxiram and Shankar Nanji Patel all connected with the transaction which hoodwinked them.

The officers concerned in this 'all out' hunt were Deputy Commissioner Moray, Superintendent Hampton, Inspector G. B. Padwal, Deputy-Inspector A. R. Wagle and Deputy-Inspector Patil. They were assisted by a large force of constables and almost all city police stations.

ALLEGED GAMBLERS ROUNDED UP

BOMBAY, Monday.

Armed police were employed to round up a gang of alleged gamblers who were a source of menace to the vicinity of Victoria Terminus on Saturday night. Inspector Walanju of G.I.P. Railway Police who headed the raid arrested nine persons near the Railway Grain Shop at the V. T.

They were placed at the Esplanade Police Court on Monday and were bailed out.

ARRESTED ON CHEATING CHARGE

BOMBAY, Monday.

Charged with cheating in respect of Rs. 7,000, Pratapsingh Yeshwant Savant was put up before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today. He was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 5,000.

It was alleged that the complainant in the case had purchased furniture from the accused valued Rs. 7,000. Before giving to the accused a cheque of Rs. 7,000 the complainant had made an inventory of all the pieces of furniture that he had purchased. The furniture was in the flat of the accused at Colaba and the complainant had promised to take it away at his earliest convenience. It was alleged that when he went to take delivery of the furniture he found that a part of it was replaced by cheap and inferior type of furniture. He refused to take delivery and asked the accused for the return of his money. The latter refused. The complainant therefore reported the matter at the Colaba Police Station and the accused was arrested.

HELP TO EX-SERVICEMEN

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council has organised a Sub-Committee called the 'Ex-Services Rehabilitation Sub-Committee' to help the army authorities to supplement incomes of the dependants of ex-servicemen and women. The major part of this help will be given from the Sassoon Services Welfare Fund. If there still some dependants who need such help will they please communicate immediately with the Honorary Secretary Ex-Services Rehabilitation Sub-Committee, B.P.W.C., Town Hall, Bombay.

C. I. D. UNEARTH 'HARASSMENT MONEY RACKET'

Alleged Corrupt Practice Of Motor Vehicle Inspectors

BOMBAY, Monday.

What is described as the "harassment money racket" was unearthed by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the city C.I.D. on Friday last, when Abdul Rehman Bin Abdulla, said to be a tout for passing motor lorries in the compound of the Head Police Office near Crawford Market was arrested by two officers of the Branch for receiving Rs. 60 as harassment money. The suspect was put up before Mr. M. T. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, to-day who ordered him to be released on bail.

Information was received by Mr. V. D. Moray, Deputy Commissioner of Police, attached to the Branch about the prevalence of the payment of harassment money by lorry-owners to the Motor Vehicle Inspectors through the agency of touts for facilitating the passing of lorries.

Lorry-owners had to queue up their vehicles in the compound of the Head Police Office from early hour of the morning in order to get their turn for "passing" before the close of the day. This gave some motor vehicle inspectors and their touts a good opportunity to make easy money. The touts would approach the lorry-owners with a promise to get their vehicles "passed" provided they agreed to give a "bukshsis" to the motor vehicle inspectors through them.

On receipt of some information to this effect Sub-Inspectors Talwar and Mistry of the Anti-Corruption Branch laid a trap by sending the representative of a lorry-owner for passing the motor lorry. It was alleged that when the lorry had taken its place in the queue the accused approached the man in the lorry unsuspectingly and promised to get his vehicle passed provided he paid him Rs. 60. The bargain was struck and the lorry was "passed" after necessary formalities. The "certificate for fitness" was handed over to the representative who paid the tout the promised sum of Rs. 60 in marked notes.

Just then two filthy looking coolies appeared and detained the suspect. They were the sub-inspectors themselves. The suspect was searched and marked notes were recovered from him. To their surprise the officers found that the suspect had with him a wad of notes. When counted it was found to contain about Rs. 1,000.

SHOP ASSISTANTS FEAR REVISED "QUOTA HOLDERS" SYSTEM HARMFUL

The Action Committee of the Bombay Shop-Assistants' Federation in its meeting on Saturday last viewed with seriousness of the problem arising out of the Government's decision to revise the "Quota Holders" system that will throw out of employment a heavy number of Gumastas now in engagement decided to call and hold a conference of the Gumastas in the cloth trade by the 1st week of December 194 to consider the situation.

The meeting considered with grave concern the Government's proposed Rent Control Act which gives the landlord power to eject Tenants under the most flimsy reasons, to increase rents and make sub-letting illegal which will further aggravate the acute housing problem, and appealed to the Government to make the required changes to avoid the general censor of the common man.

PROTEST AGAINST RENT BILL

The Mangvi ('B' Ward) District Bhadui Sangh has addressed telegrams to the President, Bombay Legislative Assembly, the Premier and Law Member, Government of Bombay protesting against the proposed Rent Bill and requesting intervention to prevent the undue hardships that will be caused to the tenants if the Bill were passed into law.

MUSLIM SOCIAL WORKERS' PEACE DRIVE

Attractively printed pamphlets containing Gandhiji's message of peace and Goodwill were distributed today in the city by the Muslim Social Workers' Group, in connection with Gandhiji's birthday celebrations.

The pamphlet carried excerpts from the messages of peace by Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and scenes of peace campaigns in Delhi and Bombay.

THE LAND OF DYSPEPSIA

There was a time when U.S.A. was called the land of Dyspepsia but now she enjoys the best of health in the world, only because people there kept the liver function in perfect running. Livergen will do it for you.

THERE'S NONE BETTER THAN

Jammi's LIVER CURE
for Infantile Liver & Spleen complaints
Renowned for over 38 years for its efficacious and certain cure of simple and advanced cases of enlarged liver and spleen in the young
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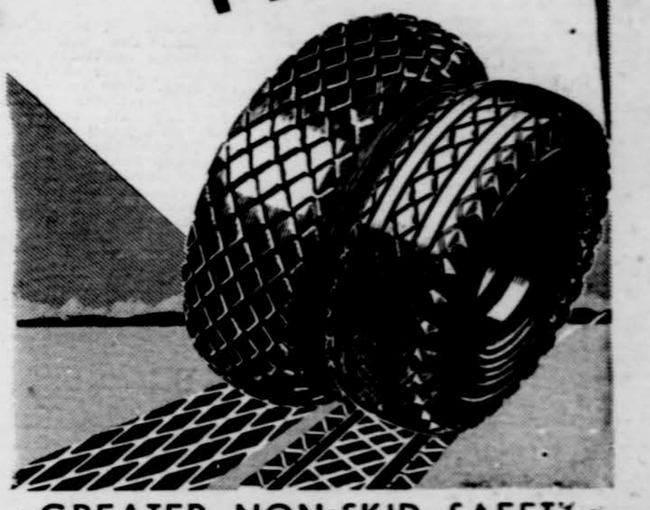
GIANT AND PASSENGER CAR TYRES



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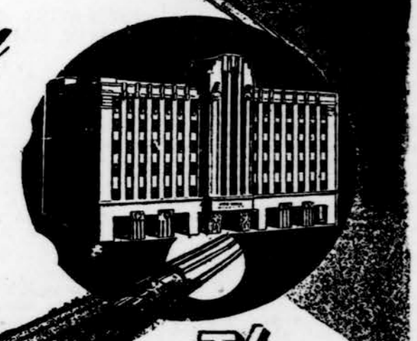
Catch the right train



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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 13, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal, recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on 13th Oct., 1947:—

Ahmedabad 95 72 0 22.3 minus 99 Ahmednagar 87 64 0 25.7 plus 6.2, Allahabad 93 74 0 33.1 minus 4.3, Bangalore 83 69 0 26.0 plus 4.0, Baroda 94 64 0 27.7 —, Belgaum 83 66 0 34.7 minus 7.3, Benares 94 71 0 26.2 minus 10.9, Bhuj 95 70 0 9.1 minus 3.5, BOMBAY 899 73 0 73.6 plus 5.2, Calcutta 85 77 0.4 55.9 plus 6.1, Cochin 83 78 0 101.5 plus 23.5, Colombo 85 77 0 35.8 plus 9.0, Delhi 92 67 0 18.4 minus 4.0 Gulbarga 90 73 0 26.7 plus 3.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 77 69 0.7 32.1 plus 8.9, Karachi 85 75 0 2.0 minus 4.0, Madras 92 79 0 20.5 plus 2.2, Mahabaleshwar 77 60 0 205.1 minus 48.6, Mangalore 84 78 0 118.9 plus 5.5, Marmagao 84 75 0 104.6 plus 12.0, Nagpur 89 68 0 37.3 —, Palghat 89 77 0 61.9 —, Patna 91 77 0 40.1 minus 1.6, Poona 91 65 0 21.1 minus 0.5, Rajkot 95 68 0 16.0 minus 7.5, Sholapur 90 67 0 26.8 plus 4.8, Simla 68 51 0 39.3 minus 7.5, Surat 96 71 0 30.7 minus 9.3.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

POONA, Oct. 13, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, the 13th October, 1947:—

Rainfall has been widespread in Bengal and local in Assam, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, South Hyderabad and the North Madras Coast.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 14TH EVENING: Thundershowers will occur locally in Assam, East and South Bengal Orissa and along the North Madras and Coromandel Coasts. A few showers are also possible in rest Bengal, Chota Nagpur, East Hyderabad, the Madras Deccan, Mysore and the interior of South-East Madras.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING. Locally heavy rain is likely to continue in East Bengal during the next 36 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Never in his long and turbulent history has man needed a change of spirit in his dealings with his fellow men as crucially as in the present era of confused thinking and violent speech. What the world needs is good will and fellow-ship, tolerance and reason, and it cannot get them in the mass until it first gets them in the units."

The Bombay Chronicle

TURNING THE CORNER

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's address to the press conference on the Punjab situation and the statemeit issued jointly by Mr. K. C. Neogy and Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, following the statement by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, should remove every doubt about the baselessness of the charges made by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan against the Government of India. One of the most unwarranted of these charges is the one that at the Lahore conference "the Indian Ministers blandly proposed to include Muslims from the Delhi province and the western districts of the U. P. in the evacuation programme" on the ground that "almost all Muslims in the Delhi province and the western districts of U. P. desired to leave India and that Pakistan should facilitate their migration." Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru now makes it clear that "there was no question at any time of any Muslim residents of U. P. being sent away unless they expressly desired to go away" and that so far as he knew "nobody was in fact being sent away from the U. P., except a number of Muslims who had come there from Eastern Punjab and who were considered as part of the Punjab problem." And as regards the alleged desire of almost all Muslims in Delhi province and the western districts of U. P. to go to Pakistan, Mr. Neogy and Mr. Ayyangar point out that no such desire existed or was mentioned at the Lahore conference by any representative of India. On the contrary, the Indian representatives, we are told, emphasized the fact that "in 80 per cent of India Muslims are living in peace and amity".

Far more important than allegations about the past are the policies about the future. One good thing that the bitter experiences of the past have made possible is that both Governments wish to discourage mass migrations but to attend to them with the greatest care and despatch if the people are determined to move out. Both speed and efficiency are necessary in dealing with huge convoys to avoid, in the words of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, "deaths and disaster through all manner of natural causes, lack of food, exposure, epidemics and the like. Even more tremendous are the difficulties in settling millions of people in new territories. This will be found almost impossible in many cases and every effort will have to be made to persuade the immigrants to go back to their ancestral homes. But the return will be possible only if communal harmony is restored speedily. On this task, therefore, must be concentrated the most earnest efforts of both the Governments. One is heartened by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's assurance that in the East Punjab the Government has turned the corner, that for many days there has been "almost complete freedom from attack". This is bound to have a wholesome effect in other parts of India and also in Pakistan. Many will share Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's confidence that it will not be very long before the present passions will have cooled down and that "economic circumstances and various other stresses and strains will compel a closer association between India and Pakistan".

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has pointed out how the riots have held up a number of urgent schemes of reconstruction and have caused a loss of possibly 25 per cent of the crops in East Punjab. The loss may be greater in West Punjab. But as hunger and generally economic discontent are themselves a great temptation to lawlessness, every effort must be made to expedite urgent ameliorative schemes, particularly in the provinces where peaceful conditions prevail. The co-operation that will be necessary between the two Dominions in schemes like those of irrigation and hydro-electric power may itself be conducive to communal harmony.

Price Tribunal Resigns In Protest

Resignation of office by a semi-judicial tribunal as a protest against executive interference is fortunately a very rare occurrence; but when this rare event does occur it must be treated as a serious crisis in public administration. Citizens must literally sit up and take notice lest the protection given to them by existing laws and declared policies of Government be removed by the executive. That the tribunal concerned was an economic and not an ordinary civil or criminal tribunal makes matters all the more serious, as the issues involved are essentially of a national character and concern the economic wellbeing and social welfare of all classes, especially of the poorer classes. It is in this wider national and constitutional perspective that the recent news that both the members of the Commodity Prices Board, Mr. A. D. Gorwala I.C.S., who was also the chairman, and Prof. D. R. Gadgil, resigned must be viewed by the public and by the Government. Details of the reasons that led these two experienced and eminent men, one an economic administrator of All-India fame and the other an economic expert of international repute, to take this extreme step are not available to the public. But we can safely assume that tried members of public bodies like these two will not act on impulse or just in a huff. It is reasonable to assume that there must have been grave and accumulated reasons for their action. The minimum that the Government of India can do in this matter is to publish the letters of resignation of both these members with its own explanation about the points raised.

It would be improper at this stage, in fact it would hardly be possible, to comment on particular grievances of the resigning members. But the public has long entertained a very real grievance against Government which very closely concerns the work of the Commodity Prices Board and, perhaps, has more than an apparent bearing on the recent action of its members. The Board, when it was set up, was officially described as a semi-judicial, semi-independent expert body. Its utility was authoritatively declared to be to advise Government and to reassure the public regarding the merits of price control measures. In view of these declarations made at the inception of the Board the refusal of Government to publish either 'in extenso' or in summary any of the reports submitted by the Board is inexplicable and indefensible. If what was intended for public reassurance is steadily and deliberately refused to the public, the public would have a very real cause for the reverse of reassurance. They would naturally feel distrustful of Government policy and would feel panicky about the future course of prices. In the absence of authorized reports of what the Board had recommended and in the light of actual experience of permitted increments in the prices of several things, it would be natural to conclude that Government, in permitting these increments, was acting against the advice of the Board. If the Board is a semi-judicial body, its recommendations must be treated with respect by the executive, as we were publicly assured that they would be treated. If taking advantage of the semi—and ignoring the judicial part of the official description of the nature of the Board, Government felt called upon to depart from the Board's recommendations it has a constitutional duty to publish the Board's reports along with its own statement of the case. In our opinion both for its intrinsic and for its constitutional merits the lapse on the part of Government in not publishing the reports of the Board deserves very strong criticism.

The old Government of India was given to acting in the dark and reports of similar tribunals like the Tariff Board were kept unpublished for long, while Government continued to follow a contrary policy. The civil servants then ruled and we called it a bureaucracy and condemned it. Are we to understand that the departmental bureaucrats still exercise the same unconstitutional and undesirable influence as they exercised in the dark days of a regime which the National Government is supposed to have replaced? Writing on this subject about eight months ago, when the Board was originally formed, we had said: "The communique states that before taking action on the Board's recommendations relevant departments of the Government will be consulted. If such a reference is merely a matter of formal routine designed to clarify the practical steps necessary to implement the Board's recommendations no objection could be raised against it. But if it is even distantly implied that the departments are going to re-examine or sit in judgment on the considered recommendations of the Board almost all the virtue in the semi-independent and semi-judicial Board will vanish. We do hope that good precedents in this vital respect will be established from the outset." While we have no desire whatsoever to prejudge the issues that may be raised we do urge on Government the vital necessity for a full statement on its part. The Governor of the Reserve Bank recently had very startling things to say about administrators in high places. The resignation of the whole personnel of a judicial or semi-judicial tribunal is such a serious event and the continued silence of Government on the reports of the Board is so intriguing that we have no hesitation in saying that nothing short of a full and immediate publication of all the reports and papers will allay public anxiety.

Frankly Speaking

"Trustees" Exposed

The "colonial" Powers, led by the United Kingdom—and also the United States—suffered two "surprise" defeats in the Trusteeship Committee the other day through a Soviet and an Indian resolution. They opposed as usual any demand that they submit information on political conditions in territories under their administration or that a subsidiary body be set up to study such information and make appropriate recommendations on them to the Assembly every year. It is expected that the Assembly will reject these resolutions. And we should not be surprised if it did because of the impressive array of opposition to those resolutions. But the colonial Powers and the United States have effectively exposed themselves. They have opposed the resolutions because the Charter does not call for any information on political conditions. The Charter does something better. It calls for the non-self-governing territories to be prepared economically and politically for self-Government. The Colonial Powers insist that they would give no information about the political side of their trusteeship obligations. The refusal is an eloquent commentary on their *bona fides* as trustees.

Pakistan's Pledge

While, according, at any rate, to persistent reports, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy is, with Mahatma Gandhi's approval, striving to secure an agreed charter of the rights of minorities in both India and Pakistan, a number of Pakistan Ministers have made statements which, in the context of Mr. Suhrawardy's reported efforts, become significant and all the more welcome. A few days ago, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad, the Finance Minister of Pakistan, held a Press Conference in which he gave certain categorical assurances expressly on behalf of his Government. "The corner-stone of the policy of the Government of Pakistan", the Finance Minister declared, "is the protection of its minorities. The Pakistan Government will give them equal opportunities and full rights and our desire is nothing more than peace within and without the State." In fact, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad went so far in explaining his assurances as to affirm that every citizen of Pakistan, no matter what his religion and creed, would be entitled to equal rights and privileges with, for instance, Qaid-i-Azam Mahomedali Jinnah himself.

A Practical Suggestion

The above assurances are categorical enough and can be made to go a long way in reassuring minorities. Here inevitably comes the question of the duties of the minorities. "There was", said Mr. Ghulam Muhammad, "only one condition and it was that the minorities must owe allegiance to the State. There could be no divided allegiance or mental reservations about it. People cannot profess allegiance to another State; preach to citizens of Pakistan to leave the State; paralyse the economic life of the State and, at the same time, demand equal civic rights". No one can possibly take any exception to all this. Any State would demand exactly the same assurances from its citizens. Undivided and unreserved allegiance and loyalty are the very foundations of the existence of a State. But Mr. Ghulam Muhammad and his Government will, we are sure, agree that the minorities in Pakistan suffer from certain apprehensions as to their status and their future, apprehensions which are not unjustifiable because of the circumstances in which the new State has been created and because of recent happenings. They will, we hope, appreciate the need of a practical gesture by way of re-inforcing their assurances. We would suggest, for instance, the prompt redressal of the grievances of refugees in the matter of searches and misappropriation of their property. Above all, we would strongly urge upon Mr. Ghulam Muhammad and the Pakistan authorities the urgent and imperative need of effectively suppressing elements that are striding about in Pakistan behaving and indulging in unauthorised and illegal activities, persecuting the people, especially the minorities, as if these elements were superior to the law and superior to the Government itself. If they are suppressed the apprehensions of the minorities will, to a very great extent, be removed. And they must be checked and suppressed because otherwise, too, these elements constitute, in any State, its worst dangers and its mortal enemies.

Solution Is Possible

We have urged these suggestions because there are reasons to believe that the supreme authorities in Pakistan are anxious to reassure and help the minorities. Mr. Ghulam Muhammad has been followed by another colleague of his, Mr. Fazlur Rahman, the Home Minister, with similar pledges of protection and of equal status to the minorities. He, too, has defined the policy of the Pakistan State in terms of democracy, secularism and equal civic rights, privileges and duties. If acrimonious debates are suspended and attention and energy concentrated on giving practical examples of consideration for the minorities it would mark the sure and certain beginning of the speedy and decisive end of the present unprecedentedly tragic and poignant situation.

Help The Refugees

It is very good news that over thirty institutions of women in Bombay have given an assurance to Mr. B. G. Kher that within one month they will knit into garments 65,000 lbs. of wool allotted to Bombay Province to enable the refugees in Delhi and the Punjab to have warm garments. This is in response to the appeal by Lady Mountbatten and the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation for speedy collection of any and every kind of warm garments. We learn that a special organisation is going to be set up in Bombay to co-ordinate the work of collecting and forwarding garments to Delhi and that the women of Bombay are meeting on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Secretariat to finalise plans of work. The vast and urgent need for warm clothing demands wide and efficient organisation, and Mr. Kher will do well to issue an appeal on the subject over the radio and in the press. We would also urge every women's organisation in the city to join in the relief campaign as in the coming winter months it may be a question of life and death to lakhs of refugees, particularly women and children. Gandhiji has already set a speindid example by attending personally to the refugees and also by collecting warm clothes and funds for them. Millions who cannot personally attend to the refugees should do some work for them in their own towns and also subscribe generously to the nearest authorised fund.

Useful Suggestions

Some of the criticisms made on the Rent Control Bill at the Chowpatty meeting on Sunday were clearly one-sided. But the specific changes in the Bill, suggested by the resolution adopted by the meeting deserve to be sympathetically considered by the Government and the Legislature. Particularly important are the recommendations that the Bill should be so modified as to prevent the harassment of tenants by landlords by the deliberate snapping of electric or water supply, encouragement of insanitary conditions by the non-removal of rubbish and other measures and that the Landlord should be allowed only two grounds for claiming the eviction of a tenant, namely, need of the premises or his own use or for any other person for whose benefit the premises are held by him. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee also has suggested a useful amendment that a defaulting tenant who sublets or transfers his tenement without the consent of the Landlord may be subjected to some penalty but not to ejectment. There is no doubt that the lakhs of poor tenants should be given every possible protection but at the same time care should be taken that the building industry itself is not paralysed.

Life And Property Must Be Protected

Wanted Concerted Action Now

(By Sir Mirza Ismail)

Today, when every phase of life in our two newly created Dominions is in a state of crisis, when suspicion and hatred are more liable than is reasoned thinking to dictate policies which can make or break us, protection of the minorities must be a primary and vital concern of both administrations. Good intentions alone are as futile as speeches alone. In this age of science the timeless law of force prevails as ever. Force must be applied impartially and intelligently, for only by this means can the extermination of minorities, which is going on in so many parts of the country, be arrested in its disastrous course and prevented from bringing us all to ruin. The first duty of every government is to govern. That may well be interpreted as making life worth living for the people it represents. Life and property must be protected. That is a sacred duty. Calmly, deliberately, courageously, it must be done.

At present there are no signs that it is being done effectively. Both administrations have inherited colossal problems, but many of these are of their own creation. There are problems resulting from the division of the country, which can be solved only in friendly co-operation. But they can be solved. There is the communal problem, another artificial creation, which at present overshadows all else in the life of the two Dominions. That, too, can be solved—by force, based on concerted action, and on the active personal co-operation of the leaders of both Dominions.

FACE FACTS

India has too long been a prey to emotionalism. Today we must face facts. And it is clearly a fact that unless concerted action is taken now to ameliorate our present state of dire distress and to readjust our administrative machinery, on a sound and workable basis, to meet the needs of the present and the future, we shall have to face another fact. We shall find that the seeds of ultimate disruption have been sown and that the harvest we shall reap in tears and bitterness will be the rule of the people of India. Providence is a strict accountant, neither forgetting nor forgiving. Regardless of our motives, our actions, good or bad, will have their inevitable consequences. And all, irrespective of caste or creed, will share in that misery. It is for this reason that the appeal made by the Pakistan Government to Britain and other Dominions is to be welcomed by us all, and should be welcomed by others even beyond the limits of this vast peninsula. As Bismarck has said, there is no limit to the stupidity of mankind. That statement is particularly applicable to us today, for unless the present disruptive tendencies, so painfully manifest, are arrested, a conflagration on a nationwide scale cannot be avoided. Nor will it end there. Others are watching us, and the Powers of today have added an eleventh commandment: Thou shalt have none other wars but ours. If we slide into the suicidal course of civil war we shall not be left to settle it alone. And when it is settled probably nothing will be left. What form, then should our Concerted Action take? What, in fact, should be done now?

WANTED A CONFERENCE OF LEADERS

The appeal of the Pakistan Government provides at least part of the answer. The complete answer is a Conference of Leaders from India and from abroad, to review impartially the entire situation in India and Pakistan, with special reference on the one hand to its possibilities for a great future for the people of India as a whole, and, on the other hand, to its grave dangers, as they exist at present, to the future peace of the world.

Such a Conference might well include the two Governor-Generals, the two Prime Ministers, one or two representatives from Indian States, and three representatives from abroad, a man like Mr. Herbert Hoover, or Mr. William Phillips or Mr. Sumner Welles from U.S.A., per Dr. H. V. Evatt, or Mr. R. G. Casey from Australia and Mr. Trygve Lie from U.N.O. Mahatma Gandhiji himself might well be regarded as presenting humanity.

It would be the business of the Conference to advise India as a whole on the lines we should develop in overcoming our immediate and future problems. And it would be the business of our leaders to take heed of that advice and to act on it. It is our leaders, on both sides, who have created many of the problems. Their settlement and solution must now be approached by those same leaders, and in the right spirit—a spirit of toleration and mutual accommodation. They must act as practical statesmen, concerned not with abstract ideologies but with the immediate and future welfare of four hundred million people. Our pride must not be offended. The presence of statesmen from abroad, famed for their impartiality, sense of justice, and knowledge of world conditions, will be of inestimable value to us in solving our difficulties. Our main worry should be: Will they come?

If a joint appeal were to be made from India and Pakistan probably they would come, for it is the spirit of the times to invite friendly aid from abroad. We must realize, and realise now, that the solution of national and world problem lies not in the mere expression of hopes and intentions, but follows from intelligent action based on sound advice.

Our Readers' Views

New Rent Bill

Sir,—If ever greater security to tenants were necessary, it is necessary today. The new Rent Control Bill now before the Bombay Legislative Assembly is lacking totally in affording any form of protection to the tenants.

The Bill in its new shape gives special opportunities to landlords to 'stab in the back under various pretexts. The ejectments intended under these pretexts will add to the existing chaos in the City, especially in view of the recent heavy additions to the population.

The previous position in law should be continued and the tenants should not be asked to vacate on any ground other than non-payment of rent and premises 'reasonably' and 'bona fide' required by the landlords "owning properties before the year 1938 or latest 1940, for their own occupation only.

In fairness to the landlords the New Bill may provide an increase of rent by 5 per cent to the rents over Rs. 50 and under Rs. 125 and an increase of 10 per cent on the rents above Rs. 125. Such increase will easily meet the present day heavy upkeep and the repairs, which will also encourage the building industry as a possible good source of investment, and is also bound to help and solve the City's need to a very great extent.

The above observations are made out of the long experience as an architect and the opportunity I had to examine over 800 buildings flat by flat during the war period. If the above two recommendations, viz. the small increase and no ejectment on any ground other than, the 'reasonable' and 'bona fide' requirement of the landlord, are embodied in the new Bill without any fuss or other complications, I have reasons to believe that it will solve the problems of the landlord and the tenant together.

A New Menace

Sir,—It is the contrariety of society and not of religion which is the root cause of communal strife and enmity in India. In republican countries like America and England there may be followers of different religions but there is certainly one society. In those countries one person does not deny to interdine and intermarry with another person on account of his or her birth-determined caste. Democracy can never succeed unless society is also democratic. It is pity that this truth has not been realised by the people of India, and the result is dissension and partition. The mischief does not stop with the evacuation of the Muslims. Instead of it a new and more formidable danger has appeared in the East Punjab. Non-Jats, especially non-Sikh people, of the province are feeling insecure and are thinking of shifting to the U. P. and Bombay province. Unfortunately, in the Western districts of this new province, majority of officers especially in the police force, is Sikh Jaths, all of whom cannot be said to be free from corruption and petty caste patriotism. Moreover as the Muslims have succeeded in getting Pakistan, the Sikhs, whose majority is Jats, are thinking of establishing a separate Sikhisthan which will be virtually a Jatsthan. This idea is cherished even by the Jat Ministers of this Province. This state of affairs if not nipped in the bud, is bound to be more disastrous for the country than the problem of Pakistan and refugees even. Sikhs or Jats may succeed in their anti-democratic plan for a short time, but, ultimately, this Sikh-Hindu dissension will prove fatal to Sikhs themselves as happened in the time of Vir Variagi. It is high time that the Punjab Governor and the Indian Union Government should look to it and not postpone it till the solution of refugee problem.—Yours, etc.,

SANT RAM,
B.A., President,
Jat Pat Torak Mandal.

Camp Purani Badst,
Hoshiarpur
Oct. 7.

CHIANG PLANS TO CORNER "REDS"

Large-Scale Counter-Attacks In Central China

NANKING, Oct. 13, (Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's Nationalist forces have launched counter-attacks in most sectors of Manchuria and Hupeh and Honan in Central China reports reaching here today indicated.

In Manchuria Nationalist forces have started a drive to break the Communist siege at Szepingkai, a Government stronghold mid-way between Changchun and Mukden, and were claimed to have relieved pressure on the north zone of the town after inflicting heavy casualties on the Communists.

Nationalist troops have retaken some small towns on the outer perimeter of the supply port of Yingkow, on the gulf of Liaotung, according to reports from Mukden.

WORKERS URGED TO MAINTAIN PEACE

I. N. T. U. C.'s Call To Labour To Strengthen hands Of Govt.

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Central Executive Committee of the INTUC met for the second day at the Congress House, Bombay, this morning with Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee in the Chair. The Committee accepted the resignation of Dr. Banerjee as President, in view of his having become a Minister of the Government of Bengal, and by a unanimous vote elected Shri Hariharnath Shastri as the new President.

Resolutions were passed urging upon the Government to overhaul and modify the present system of cloth control to eliminate the abuses that have marred its working, and expressing the committee's deepest concern over the slow pace of recovery in several sections of Indian economy and calling upon labour to assist in securing an efficient and honest administration and to strengthen its hands in maintaining peace and order, and to strive to improve and augment production placing their reliance on the method of arbitration and legislation for the redress of their grievances and the improvement of their conditions.

END DISPARITIES IN PAY.

By another resolution the Committee suggested that efforts should be made to minimise the disparities existing between the pay scales in different Railways on the basis of the scales now obtaining in Class 1 State-owned Railways and to fix the appropriate scales of pay in the new salary structure recommended by the Central Pay Commission.

A deputation consisting of the President, the General Secretary, Shri Shantilal Shah, acting president of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Employees' Association, and Shri K. Ramachandran, General Secretary of the S. I. Rly. Workers Union was set up to represent to the Railway Board all the outstanding grievances of railway workers at an early date.

The first open session of the Congress is to be held in Bombay towards the end of January next by which time it was expected the membership would have reached the target of five lakhs.

BOMBAY GAS CLERKS' DEMANDS

Mr. J. M. Pinto, Jt. Hon. Secretary, writes:—

The Bombay Gas Co.'s Indian Staff Association resolved unanimously on the 5th instant in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held at St. Anne's Girls' High School Hall, Burrows Lane, Dabul, to give an ultimatum to the management before going on strike. Fifteen days' time has been given to the management to concede the demands, after which period, if the demands are not conceded the clerical employees would seek the Government's intervention for settlement of the dispute.

If the grievances are not redressed by negotiations, the employees have resolved to meet again in a general body to resolve upon the preliminaries for the purpose of going on strike.

Some of the demands under dispute include increment in salaries, in dearness allowance and improvement in certain service conditions including leave, holidays, pension, gratuity and Provident Fund. There is a demand asking for retrospective effect from 1st October, 1946.

In consideration of the implications involved in the struggle the Staff Association unanimously accepted the resignation of Mr. C. E. Rodrigues, the old President, and elected Mr. S. S. Kavlekar, advocate, to be the President of the Association.

RED CROSS APPEAL FOR WARM GARMENTS

In response to Premier Kher's call for warm clothes, the Indian Red Cross Women's Council, the Junior Red Cross (school children's branch of the Red Cross) and the St. John's Ambulance Brigade have issued an appeal to the people of Bombay to give warm clothing, blankets and woollen garments such as pullovers, gloves, socks, etc. for the relief of refugees in East Punjab, Delhi and other places in the north.

Volunteers are also urgently needed to knit garments. Wool will be supplied to prospective knitters on application at the office of the Red Cross

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

OOTACAMUND, Oct. 11.—Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, former Dewan of Travancore, is going to America in January next on a lecture tour. He will not speak on controversial topics, but will confine himself unto literature and philosophy.

—Local Press Report.

* * *

The Mysore Congress Satyagraha has been called off as a result of the formal acceptance by the Maharaja of the terms of settlement arrived at between the State Congress and the Dewan.

The further programme of either Sir A. R. Mudaliar, Sir T. Chetty, etc., will, it is anticipated, be announced shortly.

* * *

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the somehow Premier of N.W.F.P., has warned Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan against the latter's alleged anti-Pakistan "subversive" movement, describing it "as an open conspiracy against the State "which would never be allowed to continue at any cost."

Pakhtoons and Afghanistan beware!

* * *

Referring to the riots in his Province, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan explained that the people had become unruly in some places hearing stories of communal disturbances in the East Punjab.

Hearing "stories" by, among others, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan.

* * *

Referring to the "surprise" victory for an Indian resolution in the Trusteeship Committee, Reuters reports that "there is every indication, however, that the Indian resolution will eventually be defeated in the plenary session."

We are reassured, brother. Thanks.

* * *

The six Arab United Nations delegations have expressed surprise at the U.S. statement on Palestine.

We beg to express sympathy with the pathetic simple-mindedness of the surprised delegates.

* * *

Their surprise, they say, is all the greater because that line of policy "will inevitably thwart the traditionally peaceful intentions of the U.S."

But can't they understand? Any other line of policy will thwart anti-Jewish, pro-Zionist intentions.

* * *

An Iraqi statesman has declared that "we will fight to the last drop of our blood for every inch of Palestine."

Aggression, aggression. Not only the Charter of the United Nations but the security itself of the United States, Sweden, Poland, Guetamala, Czechoslovakia, etc., etc., has been gravely threatened.

* * *

Moscow's "Pravda" says that the United Nations Organisation "no longer fits the conception of its initiators....."

Would it not be better to say that its initiators or their successors no longer fit the conception of the United Nations Organisation?

By the way what is this discovery a preparation for?

INDIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

Next Session To Be Held At Trivandrum

The tenth session of the Indian Political Science Conference will be held either at the end of December 1947 or in the first week of January, 1948, at Trivandrum (South India), under the Presidentship of Dr. J. N. Khosla, Head of the Politics Dept., University of the Punjab. Exact dates will be announced later.

The subjects of discussion will be: (1) Public Services in India; (2) Indian Political Thinkers—(i) Shukra as a political thinker; (ii) Abul Fazal as a political thinker; (3) Future of Indo-British Relations; and (4) Fundamental Rights in relation to the Indian Constitution.

Gubbi Greets Mysore Settlement

Mr. N. S. Gubbi, President, Mysore Aid Committee, in a Press message observes as under:

On behalf of the Mysore Aid Committee and particularly of Mysoreans in Bombay I offer my congratulation to the State Congress on its well merited success in securing the acceptance of the principle of full responsible Government for the people of Mysore.

The decision to establish a full-fledged responsible Government in Mysore will, I am sure, be eagerly welcomed by the people of Karnatak. For it gives line clear for the move towards the establishment of the much coveted Karnatak Province under the aegis of the Maharaja of Mysore, the principle behind which has been accepted by the Indian National Congress years ago.

Overseas Radio Telephone

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (API).—The Overseas Radio Telephone Service between India and the United Kingdom will be extended to Northern and Southern Rhodesia and South-West Africa with effect from October 15, 1947. Hours of the service with South West Africa and Southern Rhodesia will be from 13-30 to 1-30 hours (I.S.T.) and the service with Northern Rhodesia will be available only between 13-30 and 23-30 hours (I.S.T.) on week days and between 13-30 and 15-30 hours (I.S.T.) on Sundays and public holidays. The charges will be Rs. 50 for the first three minutes and Rs. 16-11 for each subsequent minute and Rs. 5-11 for report charge.

Picture Of Free Indian State

NO INCIDENT IN EAST PUNJAB

Curfew Modified In Delhi Municipal Area

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (API).—The District Magistrate of Delhi has renewed his order dated September 6, 1947, imposing curfew within the limits of the Delhi Municipality for a further period of one week, that is, till the morning of Monday, October 20, 1947, says a press note. The hours of curfew have been changed to 11 p.m. to 5 a.m.

By another order, the District Magistrate has extended for a further period of one week, that is, till the morning of Tuesday, October 21, 1947, the curfew in some areas of New Delhi Municipality. The hours of curfew will be from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m.

Special police officers were responsible for detecting a bren gun in the luggage of a refugee leaving from Nizamuddin for Pakistan. A complete wireless receiving apparatus was found with another Pakistan-bound passenger at the same station. Both passengers were arrested by the police.

E. PUNJAB QUIET

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 13 (API).—No incident has been reported from any part of the Province, says a communique issued by East Punjab Government this evening. Evacuation of refugees continues and a number of their convoys passed through various places in the Province safely. The campaign for the recovery of arms and looted property is meeting with considerable success.

EVACUEES FROM DACCA

DACCA, Oct. 13 (API).—The exodus of the minority community from Dacca area is continuing. A number of passengers intending to proceed to West Bengal were seen boarding two steamers from Narayanganj yesyesterday, while many others had to come back from Narayanganj for want of accommodation on the steamers.

Quite a good number of people are also flying to Calcutta daily by specially chartered planes.

ARMS SEIZED

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 13 (API).—Three guns and a large quantity of ammunition were recovered from passengers on their way to Pakistan from here via Bombay when a search was made by the District authorities at the Allahabad Railway Station late last night. Almost all the passengers were Railway employees of East India Railway from U.P. who had opted for Pakistan.

The women passengers were searched by a woman ticket collector.

CURFEW IN SAHARANPUR

SAHARANPUR, Oct. 13 (API).—Thirty persons were killed and as many injured as a result of disturbances—looting, arson and defiance of Curfew—in Saharanpur and consequent police firing.

Curfew continues in the city with relaxation of three hours in the day. Military and police are patrolling the city.

MIGRATION FROM INDORE

INDORE, Oct. 13 (API).—Despite persistent appeals by the Mahaja of Indore, His Ministers and the leaders of several public bodies the migration of Muslims from here in large numbers continues.

Mr. N. C. Mehta, Prime Minister of Indore, addressing a gathering of Muslims at the Railway Station on Sunday night advised them to think calmly and not to leave the surroundings in which they had lived and worked for generations. He assured that the Maharaja and his Government were determined to do everything in their power to maintain peace.

PUBLIC SAFETY ACT

RATLAM, Oct 13 (UPI).—The Government of Ratlam has enforced the Public Safety Act in the State. It may be recalled that the "Goonda Act" is already in force.

BAN ON 'FREE HINDUSTAN'

BOMBAY, Monday.—Under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, the Government of Bombay has served an order on the publisher of the 'Free Hindustan', an English Weekly of Bombay, restraining him from publishing for a period of one month any matter bearing on the communal situation or on any communal question.

DESH SEWAK SENA

Gen. Mohan Singh, Col. Niranjan Singh Gill and Col G. S. Dhillon, former officers of the Indian National Army, today announced their intention to organise a voluntary band of workers to be named Desh Sewak Sena "dedicated to the selfless service of our nation, free from power politics." The I.N.A. will not be connected with the organisation, which will be non-political and non-communal and will open to anyone believing in its ideals. The inaugural meeting will be held at Amritsar on October 21, when the programme will be announced.

The organisation, they said, would help to deal with problems created by the disturbances and guard against future dangers.

AYYANGAR & SHANKER RAO DEO IN JULLUNDUR

AMBALA, Oct 13 (API).—Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Minister without portfolio, Government of India and Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary, A.I.C.C., paid a hurried visit to Ambala today on their way to Jullundur.

They visited the refugee camp near Ambala city and the Cantonment Railway station where a large number of West Punjab evacuees are accommodated.

New Constitution Promises Fair Deal To The Under-Dog

Structure Based On Natural Democracy And Principles Of Most Completely Developed Type Of Federalism

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13, (U.P.I.): The United Press of India understands that the draft constitution of India which runs into 240 clauses embodies all essential features of a genuine and natural democracy based on the principles of the most completely developed type of federalism.

The preamble to the draft constitution cites: "We, the people of India, seeking to promote the common good do hereby, through our chosen representatives, enact, adopt and give ourselves this constitution.

The broad outlines of the draft constitution lay down that "India" shall be a Federation and each unit of the Federation shall be called a "State." As from the date of commencement of the constitution, territories of the Federation shall consist of Governor's Provinces, Chief Commissioner's Provinces and those Indian States which are included in the schedule of the constitution. These States shall be called Federated States. Besides incorporating the decisions already taken by the Constituent Assembly relating to the Union and Provincial constitutions, the draft constitution lays down directive principles" as the Governing policy of the State.

PROMOTION OF WELFARE

Observing that the State shall strive to promote the welfare of the whole people by securing and protecting as effectively as it may a social order in which justice, social, economic and political shall be uniform in all institutions of national life, the draft constitution enumerates certain principles of policy to be followed by the State. It says that the State shall in particular direct its policy towards securing

(1) that the citizens, men and women equally, have the right to an adequate means of livelihood.

(2) ownership and control of material resources of community are so distributed as is best to subserve the common good,

(3) that the operation of a free competition does not result in concentration of ownership or control of essential commodities in a few individuals to the common detriment,

(4) that there is equal pay for equal work for both men and women,

(5) that strength and health of workers, men and women, and tender age of children are not abused and that citizens are not forced by economic necessity to enter avocations unsuited to their age and strength, and

(6) that childhood and youth are protected against exploitation and against moral and material abandonment.

PROTECTION TO LABOUR

It is further laid down that the State shall, within the limits of its economic capacity and development, make effective provisions for securing the right to work, to education and to public assistance in case of unemployment, old age, sickness, disablement and other cases of undeserved want.

The draft constitution further lays down that the State shall make provisions for just and humane conditions of work and maternity relief, endeavour to secure a living wage and decent standard of life for workers, provide free and compulsory primary education for all children upto the age of 14, and promote with special care educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, particularly the Scheduled Castes and Tribes. It will be the primary duty of the State to raise the level of nutrition and standard of living of its people and to improve public health.

INTERNATIONAL POLICY

Regarding the policy to be followed by the Federation in international spheres, the draft constitution says that the State shall promote international peace and security by the prescription of open, just and honourable relations between nations, by firm establishment of understandings of international law as the actual rule of conduct amongst Government and maintenance of justice and the scrupulous respect for treaty obligations in the dealings of organised people with one another.

Dealing with the Chief Commissioner's Provinces, the draft constitution suggests that the Chief Commissioner's Province shall be administered by the President acting to such extent as he thinks fit through a Chief Commissioner to be appointed by him. It is however, pointed out that the draft constitution will require revision after the Committee on Chief Commissioners' Provinces have submitted their report.

LEGISLATIVE POWERS

Relating to the distribution of Legislative powers, the draft constitution empowers the Federal Parliament to make laws including laws having extra-territorial operations for the whole or any part of the territories of the Federation and a provincial legislature may make laws for the province or for any part thereof. The provincial legislature is forbidden to make laws with respect to matters to be detailed "Federal Legislative List."

Dealing with the extent of powers to legislate for the States, the draft constitution empowers the Federal Parliament to make laws for a Federated State or a group of Federated States subject to terms of any agreement entered into in that behalf by that State with the Federation and limitations contained therein.

CITIZENSHIP

Dealing with the citizenship questions, it is provided that at the date of commencement of the constitution every person: (1) who or either of whose parents or any of whose grandparents was born in the Federal territories included on that date within the Federation or (2) who on that date has his domicile in those territories, shall be a citizen of the Federation. It is further provided that if any person is a citizen of another State, he may in accordance with the provisions made in behalf by any federal law elect not to accept the citizenship conferred on him Any person who is under any acknowledgment of alliance or adherence to a foreign power or is a subject or citizen or entitled to rights and privileges of a subject or a citizen of a foreign power have been disqualified for the membership of the Federal Parliament or the legislatures of any units. The Federal Parliament has been empowered to make provisions for regulating acquisition and termination of citizenship of the Federation and in particular for avoiding double citizenship.

Laying down transitional provisions the draft constitution recommends that until both Houses of the Federal Parliament have been duly constituted the Constituent Assembly of the Dominion of India shall itself exercise all the powers and perform all duties conferred by the provision of the constitution of the Federal Parliament. The provisional President of the Federation until a new President has been under the constitution shall be such a person as the Indian Dominion Constituent Assembly shall have elected in this behalf.

Relating to the provincial legislature and provincial Governors the draft constitution recommends that until the House or Houses of the Legislature of each province has or have been duly constituted and summoned to meet for the first session, the provincial legislatures functioning prior to the commencement of the constitution shall exercise powers and perform duties conferred by the provisions of the constitution on provincial legislatures. Until a new Governor has been elected, persons holding office as the Governor before the commencement of the constitution shall function as provincial Governors.

Regarding the services, the draft constitution lays down that every person in the service of the Crown immediately before the commencement of the constitution shall continue in office until the Government of the Federation or of the unit otherwise directs. It is explained that the Minister for Indian Dominion or for a province shall not be deemed to have been in service of the Crown. The modification of the constitution until expiration of three years from its commencement has been delegated to the Federal Parliament. The procedure laid down for amendment of the constitution suggests introduction of a Bill in either House of the Federal Parliament. When the Bill is approved by each House and by a majority of not less than two-third of the members, it shall be presented to the President for assent.

It is learnt that the draft constitution shall be taken up by members of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly for their final scrutiny when it meets shortly, it is expected that it would be presented before the House when the Constituent Assembly meets in December after completing its first legislative session in November.

FOLLOW MAHATMA'S PRECEPTS, EXHORTS KHER

(From Our Correspondent.)
VILE PARLE, Monday.

Saturday the 11th was the last day of the Gandhi Jayanti Week, and the Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee and other institutions arranged a public prayer meeting in the Mor Bungalow Compound, Vile Parle at 8-30 p.m. when Mr. B. G. Kher the Prime Minister, addressed the huge gathering.

During the course of his speech Mr Kher reviewed the work of Mahatma Gandhi during the last three decades and over and asserted it was only because of his inspiring leadership that we are enjoying today the freedom from British slavery. He regretted that the course and the plan that he had chalked out should have been so much neglected in our hour of trial. India is today passing through a very grave crisis and when brother is killing brother, when sanctity of human life is at its lowest Mahatma alone raises his voice to stop this mad frenzy and doing his her allean best with a lacerated heart. We know the result of the violent outburst. It had placed the country's economy in a very awkward fix and the country's is facing a dire ruin unless people come to their senses and stop this mad carnage. He then urged them all to hear this mystic voice of India and work for the common good of men.

'PUGREE' CASE

City Corporator To Make Statement At Next Hearing

BOMBAY, Monday.

Statements were made this afternoon by two of the accused at the resumed hearing of the case in which Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhthankar a City Corporator stands charged along with six others with accepting a pugree of Rs. 10,000 before Mr. M. T. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

Asked by the court whether she had anything to say regarding the charges made against her Dr. Mrs. Sukhthankar pleading not guilty expressed her desire to make a written statement at the next hearing of the case. Her son Mr. Sitaram Sukhthankar, when called upon to make a statement, gave the same answer.

LOBO AND LAWRENCE.

Mr. Lobo, one of the accused in whose account a sum of Rs. 3,000 was deposited by Mr. Sukhthankar stated before the court that on the day when money was deposited in his account he was in Mr. Khambatta's court and had not the least idea as to what had happened in his office. He too pleaded "not guilty".

Mr. Lawrence, another accused and a practising lawyer, who sits in Mr. Lobo's chamber, and who has a joint account with Mr. Lobo in which a sum of Rs. 2,000 was deposited after the police raided Dr. Mrs. Sukhthankar's premises at Malabar Hill on July 4 last, pleaded complete ignorance about what had happened in his office.

He said that on the day in question he was attending two fresh cases in the Court of Small Causes. Late in the afternoon when he returned to the chamber he was told by his clerk that under the instructions of accused Sukhthankar he had deposited Rs 5,000 in the bank, Rs. 2,000 in the account of Mr. Lobo and another Rs 3,000 in the joint account of Messrs. Lobo and Lawrence. This gave him no surprise as Sukhthankar was familiar with Mr. Lobo and had put money in his account several times before.

WHAT CLERK DID.

Earlier Mr. Jagdeo T. Bandodkar, a clerk in the office of Messrs. Lobo and Lawrence, deposed that he knew accused Lalnath for the last 12 years as his office was near that of Messrs. Lobo and Lawrence. On the day in question he had come to the office at 10-30 a.m. Mr. Lawrence had already come. Mr. Lobo, who was not there, came after about ten minutes. A little later he went to the Small Causes Court. On his return after about half an hour, he found accused Sukhthankar sitting in the chamber. The latter handed over to him two paying in slips and a sum of Rs. 5,000, asking him to deposit Rs. 3,000 in the sole account of Mr. Lobo and Rs. 2,000 in the joint account of Messrs. Lobo and Lawrence. He did so and returned to the office.

Witness further revealed that neither Mr. Lobo nor Mr. Lawrence was present in the chamber at the time the money was given to him to be deposited in the bank, and the slips were not filled in by any of them.

Further hearing was adjourned till Wednesday.

Rs. 25,000 For Civic Address To India's Premier And Ministers

Jamnadas Mehta's Breeze With Mayor: Rent Bill Under Fire

BOMBAY, Monday

After a brief but breezy debate the Bombay Corporation today sanctioned an expenditure of Rs. 25,000 to be incurred for the presentation of "illuminated" civic addresses to Premier Jawaharlal Nehru and three of his Cabinet colleagues when they visit the City.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta made an abortive attempt to spring a fantastic amendment on the House which suggested that only an amount of Rs. 25 should be spent on the preparation of the caskets which, he recommended, should be put in khaddar bags and presented to the Ministers. The rest of the money—Rs. 24,975—was considered by him a fit contribution to some refugee fund.

Mr. V. B. Gandhi, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation, moved that the expenditure be sanctioned. He said that the Ministers should be honoured in a suitable manner.

Characterising the proposed expenditure of Rs. 25,000 as "an example in extravagance" Mr. Naushir Bharucha asked whether the Congress Municipal Party thought that "the greater the money spent the greater the honour done to the leaders." He was against "false shows" which had been time and again condemned as "imperialistic" by Congressmen themselves in the old days. He moved an amendment that the amount be reduced to Rs. 2,000.

'The Congress Party wanted to waste the "peoples'" money, charged Mr. R. A. Gole, until recently a member of the Congress Municipal Party. He felt that the leaders, who were as dear to him as to any one else, could be feted without indulging in extravagance. "Why this luxury?" he asked

JAMNADAS AT IT.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta agreed that Rs. 25,000 should be spent for the occasion but wanted all but Rs. 25 of the amount to go to the "succour of refugees." His calculation was that not more than twenty rupees would be required for the preparation and presentation of addresses which could be put in Khadi bags "to satisfy the yearnings of my Congress friends." The cost of decorations could be drawn from the remaining five rupees.

"I want the Congress Party here to be honest to their professed convictions. They cannot be Neros fiddling while thousands are suffering," he declared, suggesting that his recommendations should be construed as an amendment to the main resolution.

Mr. Motichand Kapadia got up and stated that the amendment was not in order and that it should be ruled out as such.

The Mayor agreed with Mr. Kapadia and declared that Mr. Mehta's amendment was out of order.

BREEZE WITH MAYOR.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta asked permission to continue his observations on the resolution. The Mayor asked him to resume his seat since with the defeat of his amendment he had lost his right of making a speech.

Mr. Mehta: I have not. I will continue.

The Mayor: Sit down. You have lost your right of speech.

Mr. Mehta: What are your reasons for this ruling?

The Mayor: Sit down. You have no right to make another speech.

Mr. Mehta: Mr. Mayor, I warn you. You are going too far. Do not think that you are invulnerable. (Laughter).

Mr. Bharucha's amendment was put to vote and declared lost. The resolution was carried by a large majority.

RENT BILL MENACE.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha then moved a resolution asking the Mayor to convey to the Government of Bombay the "apprehensions" of the Corporation at certain provisions of the new Rent bill which enabled a landlord to evict a tenant on the ground that the premises were required for the use of his relatives. He said that this clause will mean that thousands of tenants would be thrown out on the streets, especially in cases where a Hindu landlord lived according to the joint family system.

Mr. Sunderdas Morarji (Congress Party) suggested that as the Bill was to go to a Select Committee, Mr. Bharucha's resolution should be referred to the Corporation's Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee. There was time enough for analysing the Bill in details, he held.

Mr. J. Mehta said Mr Morarji's suggestion was "dangerous". Had he got any reasonable grounds for assuming that the Bill would not be passed in haste and before long? he asked.

Mr. S. S. Mirajkar, the Labour leader, opposed the amendment. Government, he said, had made up their minds that the Bill should be placed on the Statute Book.

Further discussions on the Bill was adjourned to the Corporation meeting on Tuesday.

'You' Starts Trouble In Assembly

(From Our Special Representative.)
POONA, Oct. 13.

The second person plural pronoun, 'you', causes no end of bother in Legislative Chamber.

According to the rules of procedure of the Bombay Assembly, as of other assemblies, every member is supposed to address the Speaker and the Speaker only But it is an inveterate habit of most members to address their exhortations to Government addressing it in the second person plural or to buttonhole a colleague and refute his arguments referring to him as 'you'.

The Speaker Mr. K. S. Pirodia has had constantly to pull up members and instruct them in the correct Parliamentary procedure. He did the same to-day with Mr. Bhogilal Lala, the oldest member of the House, who was telling the Assembly that it would be doing a grave wrong if it passed a clause in the Rent Control Bill under which a poor tenant could be evicted. "For the convenience of the foolish son of a fat father".

Mr. Lala, however, drew laughter as he turned round in the best Parliamentary manner and said: "Sir, wherever I have said 'you' the term "House" should be substituted".

HE WAS EVER CHEERFUL IN MIDST OF SUFFERING

RAJAJI'S TRIBUTE TO BHARATHI AT OPENING OF MEMORIAL

ETTIYAPURAM, Oct. 13. (A.P.I.): Amid scnes of great rejoicing, Tamilnad to-day paid its homage and respect to the illustrious Tamil poet, the late Subramanya Bharathi. The occasion was the opening of the Bharathi Memorial by the West Bengal Governor, C. Rajagopalachari.

Referring to Bharathi, Mr. Rajagopalachari said that he was one of the greatest poets. If they were to keep the memory of such a poet green, everyone should read his various works and also understand their inner meaning.

The people of this country could learn many things from the life of Bharathi. For example, he said, although Bharathi underwent untold sufferings in his life, he was always cheerful. To-day freedom had come to India. He wished Bharathi, the greatest poet-patriot, had lived to see India free now.

Although political independence had come, to them, they had many vital problems to solve such as food, clothing and housing. They should not make much of their present difficulties which were purely temporary and would be solved soon. Despite cuts in their food and cloth ration, they should be cheerful and happy. For this purpose they should read particularly Bharathi's works in philosophy and 'bhakthi' They should all co-operate with Government in every possible way because the Government was their own Government. He was sure people of this country would bear patiently the present difficulties and extend all possible help to Government.

MESSAGES.

Messages wishing the function success were received from prominent public men of Tamilnad and Tamilians and Tamil Associations all over India.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Acting Governor of United Provinces, in her message while regretting her inability to open the memorial on account of the refugee problem in the province, said that, although Bharati was born and bred in Tamilnad and his works were in Tamil, yet he was a universal poet and treasure of all.

Mr. J. Sivashanmugam Pillai, Speaker of the Madras Assembly, who followed Mr Rajagopalachari, said that the type of India which Bharathi wanted to build had yet to be achieved Social and economic inequalities had yet to be removed, but he was hopeful the people of India would follow the footsteps of Bharathi and build a new India where everyone would be equal.

Kumararaja Muthiah Chettiar said that Bharathi had aroused the feelings of young and old and he asked the Madras Government to divide Bharathi's songs into six parts and prescribe them for study compulsorily from the first form to the sixth form.

Mr. Daniel Thomas, Minister for Prohibition said that Bharathi's songs had awakened Indians from their deep slumber and enshrined their hearts.

BHARATHI STREET.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar in his concluding remarks expressed great pleasure at the successful and glorious conclusion of the function. He regretted his inability to go to Pondicherry to open a street after the name of Bharathi where he lived in in exile for 12 years. It was during this period of exile that Bharathi wrote his best works.

Mr. Krishna Moorthy, Editor, 'Kalki' thanked Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and the ministers of the Madras Government for having acceded to their request to visit Ettiyapuram in the midst of their pre-occupations and the public at large for their contributions to the memorial and for making function a success.

Unveiling the bust of Subramaniya Bharathi, Mr. Omandur Ramaswamy Reddiar, Prime Minister of Madras, characterised the poet as a devine poet, because he had forecast the shape of things to come. He said that for the growth of Tamil, Tamil Sangam was founded long ago, but later Tamil grew through various Tamil poets of which Bharathi was one. Bharathi correctly understood India and advocated that the prosperity of common India depended on the prosperity of the villages. They allowed a great debt of gratitude for Bharathi for his varied works.

MUFTI WELCOMES BRITISH WITHDRAWAL FROM PALESTINE

LONDON, October 13 (Reuter):—The exiled Mufti of Jerusalem, Haj Anin El Husseini, declared that the British Government's decision concerning the withdrawal of administration and Military Forces from Palestine "was both wise and good," according to a "Daily Mail" dispatch today.

The newspaper's special correspondent quoted the Mufti as saying in an exclusive interview at Aley, Lebanon, "the British declaration gave me great pleasure personal as well as political."

HYDERABAD AGENT-GENERAL'S CONTRADICTION

LONDON, Oct. 13, (Reuter), The following Official statement was issued by the Agent-General for Hyderabad in London today. "A statement has been attributed to the Nawab Mir Nawaz Jung, Agent-General for Hyderabad, by an Indian newspaper to the effect that he anticipated shock tactics on the part of the Indian Union and resistance by Hyderabad in the event of failure of negotiations between them. The Agent-General has made no such statement and expressed surprise that any statement should have been ascribed to him".

Concentration Of Syrian Troops Denied

JERUSALEM, Oct. 13 (Reuter): Rumours that Syrian troops were now concentrating on the northern frontiers of Palestine and had even crossed the border and attacked Jewish settlements in the Galilee area were authoritatively denied here last night.

A British army spokesman denied that there were any Syrian troop concentrations. Police had no knowledge of any incidents and Mrs. Golda Meyerson, Head of the Jewish Agency Political Department, stated she had been in touch with all Jewish settlements in the Galilee area and they had reported they had not been molested and were safe.

Jewish sources said Haj Amin El Husseini, Mufti of Jerusalem, to-day visited Banyas, a few miles on the other side of Palestine's north-eastern border, and that Syrian troops were now concentrated at Quenitira about 40 miles further south-east.

This was thought quite feasible in Jerusalem in view of the recent Damascus statement that Syrian garrison manoeuvres were going on. Jewish circles referred to the "Mufti's war of nerves."

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

The case of Messrs. Allen Berry & Co., a Dalmia-Jain concern whose General Manager and Assistants have been arrested on a charge of alleged black-marketing and profiteering, is of public interest.

The facts pertaining to the arrest of several persons in this case found the front page of the "Bombay Chronicle."

"The Free Press" also mentioned it. Other leading English-language newspapers in Bombay appear to have missed this sensational news-item.

The firm of Allen Berry and Co. have had four of its officials arrested. They are Mr. J. M. Jain, the General Manager, Mr. P. V. Menon, the Sales Manager, Mr. Gudwadi, the Cashier, and Mr. Markande, the Purchase Clerk. There is also a peon arrested.

For those who may have missed the facts of the report, I will reproduce them here again. It is alleged that Messrs. Allen Berry allowed themselves to be trapped by the Anti-Corruption League's Joint Secretary in a deal in which the firm's Sales Manager is alleged to have asked the customer to pay in cash Rs. 62,500 for 200 tons of American iron sheets. This is double the controlled price.

Marked notes were paid by the bogus customer and it is alleged that this amount was accepted. The amount is alleged to have been handed over to the peon, who is alleged to have slipped away from the premises of the firm. The Joint Secretary then waited for the delivery order but when this was not forthcoming, he called in his men who are reported to have recovered part of the amount in marked notes.

The rest of the marked notes were, it is alleged, discovered in the peon's house.

The five accused were released on bail by order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Oscar Brown, on sureties of Rs. 50,000 each.

COVT. PLAN TO MITIGATE TENANTS' HARDSHIP

(Continued from Page 1)

protection from the landlords, to see that everything possible was done to see that the tenants were not harassed. Government did not believe in removing property altogether or in expropriating all interests based on property rights. The legitimate rights of property owners had to be considered. But those rights should be controlled so as to help the poor people who had no means of defending themselves against the landlords.

REPLY TO CRITICS.

Answering the various criticisms that had been made against the Bill the Minister concentrated on the points which had attracted the utmost criticism. First was the provision about the payment of 6 per cent on the amount expended on improvements and alterations. Such alterations gave improved amenities and would be in the interests of the tenant. He suggested that it was possible to amend the Clause so as to make that point clear. He also suggested that the alterations may be made subject to the consent of the tenant.

As far as the provision enabling the landlord to obtain possession for the use of his dependents, the Minister cited various cases where this would be necessary. At the same time he agreed that provision could be made to see that the right was not arbitrarily used. It might even be possible to remove some of the beneficiaries.

JUSTICE TO ALL.

Mr. Morarji Desai asserted that there could not be justice to one party and injustice to another. Justice to one party could not be at the cost of another.

He also refuted the suggestion that the Bill conferred powers on employers to evict employees. There was no question of making labourers on a legal strike quit their houses. In cases of discharge, there was no injustice or unfairness in asking the tenants to quit. Without such a provision, it would not be possible to provide accommodation to a number of essential workers. Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, in winding up the debate, followed the same line as its colleague. H argued that in the context of the rising cost of a living, there was some ground for increasing the rents. But the Government decided that in view of the very difficult times the tenants should not be made to shoulder that burden. He also pointed out that this was a measure of temporary control. Controls were not going to solve the problem of Housing their object was to create conditions where controls could be removed Therefore, it was not desirable to have measures so stringent that they would create a sense of helplessness among those who might build Houses, a feeling that they are being expropriated.

TENANTS' PLEA TO WITHDRAW RENT BILL

Telegrams were sent today to Gandhiji and Prime Minister, Bombay by Secretary C Ward Bhadut Mandal requesting them to advice post tenement or drop introducing the Rent Control Bill which includes harmful clause giving wide scale legal sanction to eject Tenants by landlords.

R

FOR PROFITEERING in; issuing a defective Cash Memo in respect of, and for non-display of price-list of 'Goldwing' Bellet Nibs, M/s Perry & Co., Grant Road, Bombay, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500

M. MOHMED HUSSEIN FIDAALLI of M/s Perry & Co., was convicted for profiteering in Goldwing' Nibs and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 or, to undergo, in default, two months' Simple Imprisonment.

Hooligans Render Govt. In E. Bengal Impossible

HINDUS FACE GREAT HARDSHIP DESPITE THE GOODWILL OF MUSLIMS

CALCUTTA, October 13 (API): Attributing the cause of general exodus of Hindus of North and East Bengal to West Bengal to "fear that what has happened in the Punjab may also happen there", Mr. Kiran Sanker Roy, leader of the Congress Party in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, in a statement says that persons leaving their hearts and homes are not to be blamed because they are afraid that neither their lives and properties nor what is more, the honour of their women are safe under the Government of East Bengal.

"There are reliable reports," Mr. Roy says, "of assaults on members of the minority community, assaults on Nationalist Muslims, indecent letters written to fathers of girls and harassment by the Muslim national guards.

In spite of complaints we have not heard of a single person being arrested for the above offences. The authorities responsible for law and order are either indifferent or too weak to deal with lawlessness."

Continuing Mr. Roy says, "After my tour in East Bengal and study of the situation there I am convinced that overwhelming majority of Muslims want to live in peace and harmony with the Hindus. But Muslim refugees from Bihar, West Bengal and other provinces coupled with the hooligan elements have terrorised the people and have rendered Government itself impossible.

"I had discussions about the major problems in East and North Bengal with Mr. Nazimuddin, the Premier of East Bengal, and some of his colleagues. One of the principal subjects of my discussion with the Premier was the activities of the Muslim National Guards, specially the searches made by them. The Premier added that searches by a non-official organisation are unauthorised and illegal and he promised to issue orders to stop all such unauthorised and illegal activities.

Regarding the hoisting of Congress flag and the cry of "Bande Mataram" Mr. Nazimuddin was definitely of the opinion that they are perfectly legitimate and there should be no interference with them.

Though the attitude of the Chief Minister and his colleagues with whom he had discussions was responsive and reasonable, Mr. Roy says that excepting a few, most of the officers are indifferent and irresponsive.

To the minority community in East Bengal, Mr. Roy says that they should remember that Congress is not in power there and therefore Congress is not in a position to give them assurance of protection.

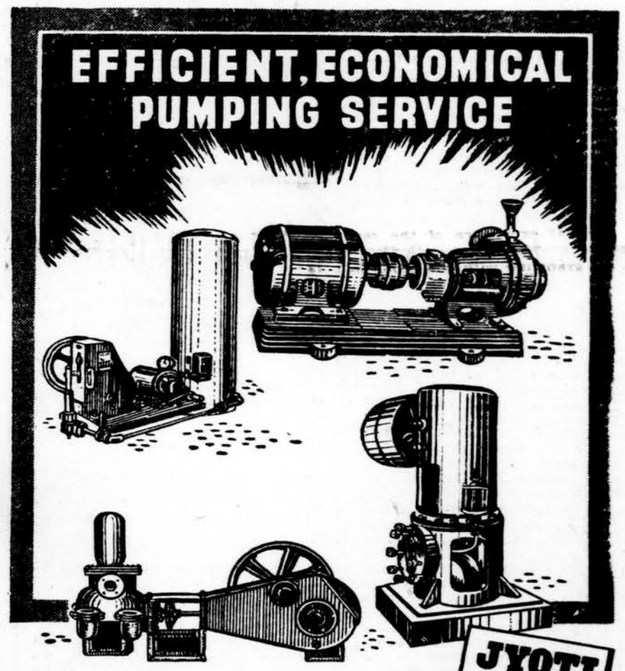
In that case those who will leave East Bengal will do so no matter what we say the vast majority cannot leave. Congress will try to do its duty to them. But those who will remain will have to depend primarily on their own strength.

We should try to arrange with the assistance with the Government a transfer of population within a district, a sub-division, even a thana. While he agrees that it would also be a difficult task but this was certainly easier than transfer of population between the two States.

Mr Roy inter alia urges the Hindus of West Bengal to maintain peace in their region and reminds them "that the key to the situation in East Bengal is Calcutta."

In order to meet the "grave situation" Mr. Roy feels that it is necessary to strengthen the Congress in North and East Bengal.

For the purpose of this planned transfer of population he suggests the appointment of whole time paid workers in each and every area concerned in addition to formation of committees in respective zones. This will require a huge expenditure, say six lakhs during the next six months which can be collected only if the public subscribe generously.



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PAKISTAN NOT TO BE REVENGEFUL

Minister For Interior Urges Minorities Not To Migrate

KARACHI, Oct. 12, (A.P.I.): The Minister for the Interior in the Pakistan Government, Mr. Fazlur Rahman, told the pressmen: "It is our genuine desire to promote friendly relations between Pakistan and India and we have done, are doing and will continue to do all that lies in our power towards the fulfilment of this object."

ASSURANCE TO MINORITIES

Mr. Fazlur who is also Minister for Education, and Information and holds the portfolio of refugees and rehabilitation in the Government of Pakistan added: "We will spare no measures to root out feelings of revenge and retaliation among the Muslims of Pakistan."

He continued: "However great the provocation from the other side the Government of Pakistan is determined to do this duty towards protecting the minorities."

Other points made by Mr. Fazlur Rahman in the course of the interview were: "There is an urgent and useful task which is foremost in our mind today. This is to restore and maintain peaceful conditions in Pakistan.

"We should refrain from any action which might make the members of the minority community of Pakistan feel nervous for the safety of their person and property.

"We in Pakistan while insisting on the loyalty of every citizen have never cared to lay down standards for judging the loyalty of our non-Muslim fellow citizens.

"We refuse to dub a non-Muslim as disloyal in order to get rid of him."

Mr. Fazlur Rahman said: "As you will be able to judge for yourself, apart from certain minor incidents now and then, Sind N. W. F. P., and Baluchistan are absolutely quiet. Even in the West Punjab our Government has succeeded in an incredibly short time in making the Muslim population realise the vital need for peace.

ADVISE TO BUSINESSMEN

The Minister said: "The Hindus have lived in peace for centuries in Sind together with Muslims. The fact that Sind is now a part of Pakistan should not in my opinion make the slightest difference to the continuance of friendly relations between the two communities. Dictates of self-interest apart from other considerations should dissuade the Hindus from leaving Pakistan. It is no easy job to establish oneself in trade and business in new places. Opposition and competition are bound to face new-comers in the field. Vested interests are more interested in self-preservation and less in showing sympathy and extending support to others on religious or sentimental grounds."

Apropos the attitude of Indian Muslims towards the Indian Dominion, Mr. Fazlur Rahman said "There has been in recent weeks much loose talk about the attitude of Indian Muslims towards the Indian dominion. Some novel tests have been laid down by many Hindu leaders for testing the loyalty of Indian Muslims. One of these is whether the Indian Muslims would fight for India if she is attacked by Pakistan.

Declaring that it is ridiculous to pose such hypothetical questions to the Muslims of India after the unqualified statement of the leader of the Muslim League Party in the Constituent Assembly pledging the loyalty of Indian Muslims to the national flag of India", Mr. Fazlur Rahman added: "We in Pakistan, while insisting on the loyalty of every citizen, have never cared to lay down standards for judging the loyalty of fellow citizens. Our principle has been to assume that every one living in Pakistan is a loyal subject of the State unless the contrary is proved by his overt acts."

DELHI WORKERS' RESPONSE TO GANDHIJI

One Day Wages To Be Contributed

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (UPI): Mahatma Gandhi's appeal for prompt contributions by the public of blankets and other warm clothings for relief of the refugees seems to have evoked a spendid response today from the workers, officers and the management of the Delhi Cloth Mills, all of whom decided to forego their one day's earnings in shape of wages and hand over the entire amount to Gandhiji.

It is gathered that the move in this direction was initiated by the workers of the Delhi Cloth Mills who requested the mill authorities to work on Sunday (October 12) at full swing as they proposed to contribute their whole day's wages to Gandhiji. It is reported that the noble spirit of sacrifice thus displayed by the workers infected the officers as well as the management of the mills who readily agreed to follow their lead in this matter with the result that the Delhi Cloth Mills worked yesterday as on normal week days.

The total amount which will accrue on account of wages of officers and mill-hands on the one hand and the profit of the management for the day would now be presented to Gandhiji.

NEWS SERVICE TO AND FROM INDIA

Dr. Gangulee To Raise Issue At Paris Conference

LONDON October 12 (Reuter):—Dr. N. Gangulee well-known, London Indian author and economist and Director of the New India Publishing Company to-day left for Paris to attend a conference on world communications, which opens to-morrow at UNESCO headquarters.

With a party of British and American Editors and Publishers he will discuss for five days practical means of improving world communications.

Dr Gangulee said he would raise the question of news services to and from India and make certain suggestions for their improvement.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERTS CONFER AT DOMBIVLI

A conference of livestock and agricultural experts, village Patels and prominent members of the Bombay Hunt was held at Dombivli on Sunday to impress upon the agriculturists the importance of improving the breed of their cattle by taking fullest advantage of the fine pedigree bull which had been placed at the disposal of the villagers by the Bombay Hunt.

The gift of the bull which was bought by the Hunt at Rs. 1,000 was and is maintained by it, was a gesture of goodwill to the farmers of the 53 villages over whose grounds the Hunt operates. Unfortunately the villagers did not appear to be taking advantage of the service of the bull.

At the conference Mr. B. D. Patel assistant Livestock Expert to the Government of Bombay, told the Village headmen that Government attached the greatest importance to the improving of cattle which constituted a vital factor in agriculture. The improvement could be effected only through selective breeding, and the bull which had been presented by the Bombay Hunt was a magnificent specimen. Mr. Patel urged the villagers to make the best use of the animal.

Mr. J. S. R. Speiman, the Master of the Hunt, assured the Patels that if the villagers could show that they had availed themselves of the services of the Bull, the Hunt would be prepared to buy two more animals and present them to the villagers.

Some of the villagers pointed out that the bull being tied to a particular spot, its services were not readily available to the villagers in time. The livestock expert suggested that the difficulty could be overcome by allowing the bull to move about or graze with the herds.

GENERAL TRANSPORT STRIKE LIKELY IN PARIS

PARIS, Oct 12 (Reuter): A strike for higher wages by 200 Metro (underground) drivers today reduced the number of trains running in Paris from one every five minutes to one every fifteen, and Parisians faced the possibility of a general transport strike tomorrow night by the main Metro and Bus Workers Union, if wage demands are not satisfied.

Long queues blocked entrances to Metro stations in the Paris suburbs today. Packed extra buses were running on the main routes to and from Paris. Police stood by to control the queues, but people in the city centre were not much affected by the strike.

Russians Establish Council For Desert Research

MOSCOW (Reuter): For the study of deserts, which occupy 740,000,000 acres in the USSR, the Soviet Academy of Sciences has decided to set up a special research centre in the Kara Kum desert.

The present five-year plan envisages the development of vast tracts of desert, and the new research centre will study their flora and fauna, soils, climate and water resources.

CHOLERA TAKES HEAVY TOLL IN EGYPT

CAIRO Oct 13 (Reuter): Egypt's cholera epidemic took its highest toll of lives yesterday with 102 officially dead during the 24 hours.

Seven deaths occurred in Cairo.

Blum On Revival Of Comintern

Favours Formation Of International Socialist Body To Face Communist Attacks

PARIS, Oct. 13 (Reuter): Leon Blum, French Socialist veteran, said last night he was convinced that the Socialist Party would gain ground in France in the Municipal elections next week.

Referring to the recent nine-nation Comintern" manifesto issued in Warsaw, in which a number of "right-wing" Socialists including Blum himself were attacked, the Socialist leader said:

'I have said many times that I do not distinguish between two kinds of Socialism, one revolutionary and the other not. That is the reason why I refuse to see any positive meaning in words such as right-wing and left-wing Socialists".

M. Blum added he did not think the French Communists really meant what they said when they attacked the Socialists, but what was grave in his opinion, both on the national and international plane, was that the Communists had taken up this position which in their heart of hearts they do not really believe in and which does not correspond to their true feelings, because they were ordered to take it up. "The very fact of their submission is grave, and the nature of the order which was given to them is even graver". Blum added. "Because it means that Soviet Russia is now trying to draw into her camp all the European democracies, and that she will stop at nothing, not even the destruction of all Socialist parties"

In France and in Italy, M Blum said, "We must expect to see the same tactics applied as those which succeeded in Soviet zone of occupation in Germany, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria, which have just succeeded apparently in Rumania, and which threaten Czechoslovakia and Poland".

The French Socialist Party would resist these attacks with all its might, said Blum. "Liberty and peace are at stake. There can be no peace possible, no lasting peace without a solid and efficient international organisation formed by a Socialist International, itself actuated by the people"

MOHNE DAM MAY DRY UP

BERLIN, October 13 (Reuter): The Ruhr's present water supply, still affected by the 1943 bombing of the Mohne Dam, may dry up at the end of November, seriously upsetting its industrial programme. British officials said last night.

The officials said unless heavy rain falls soon, and unless there is unanimous public response to calls for water economy it may be necessary to impose rationing for domestic uses, and to stagger industrial operations throughout the area.

The public and industry have been warned to exercise rigid economy to avert a most serious situation for the Ruhr. Administrative machinery has been set up by the commission to enforce economy measures, similar to that set up by the Germans after the bombing of the Mohne Dam.

Marshall Plan For Latin America Next?

(From William Hardcastle, Reuter's Correspondent).

WASHINGTON, (Reuter).—While, as Mr. Robert Lovett, the Under-Secretary of State has said, the United States must take a "hard look" at Europe's economic crisis before the end of 1947, it is also evident that his nation will have to undertake a similar inspection of Latin America's dollar difficulties before the end of 1948.

Many Latin American countries which sent delegations to the recently concluded Rio conference went to that meeting determined to have an "economic show down" with their big northern neighbour. This possibility was skilfully averted by Mr. George Marshall, the Secretary of State, who in what was probably the best speech of the Conference, emphasised that Europe's needs were far more serious and more urgent and therefore must come first.

The formula worked out on the basis of this view, which was generally accepted by other delegations, was that the Inter-American Economic and Social Council—an organ of the Pan-American Union—should get to work shortly to draft a plan of hemispheric economic co-operation.

This will be presented to the Bogota Conference which is due to meet in January and which in turn is expected to fix a date for a full-dress Pan-American economic Conference late in 1948.

The Latin American dollar shortage, if not acute, at least follows the same pattern as the European crisis. Before the war, these nations sold to the United States almost as much as they bought. In 1938, for instance, they sold 453,000,000 dollars (about £113,250,000) worth of goods and bought 481,000,000 dollars (about £122,500,000) worth.

Then during the war, when they were supplying huge quantities of war material, they sold much more than they bought. In 1944, they had a favourable balance of more than 500,000,000 dollars (about £125,000,000) in trade with the United States. As a result, they piled up a big reserve of dollars.

After the war, these nations "south of the border" began using their dollar savings to import peacetime merchandise from the north in large quantities. In the first half of 1947 they bought United States goods at a rate of nearly 4,000,000,000 dollars (about £1,000,000,000) a year. But they sold goods at a rate of less than 2,200,000,000 dollars (about £550,000,000).

The result today is a serious shortage of dollars which is already causing them to curtail their buying from this country. In June the latest month for which figures are available they took only 305,000,000 dollars (about £76,250,000) worth of goods compared with 370,000,000 dollars (about £92,500,000) in May.

Exchange and import controls have been imposed by Mexico, Brazil, Chile, Argentina, Uruguay, Peru, Equador, Columbia, Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica. In this way they are conserving their dollars and are limiting their imports to essential goods. Cars, radios, refrigerators, washing machines and luxury goods of all kinds are the type which are presently being "descriminated against."

Inevitably this situation has led to talk here of a "Marshall plan for South America."

The idea would be to help the countries such as Mexico, modernise their highways, railways, oil industries, and food production. Inducements for the greater use of U.S. capital in many of these and other projects would be devised.

Present entirely unofficial estimates are that such a "plan" would cost the United States between 1,500,000,000 dollars (about £375,000,000) to 2,000,000,000 dollars (about £500,000,000) after the representatives of all Latin American countries had had a "Paris Conference" to determine their needs and Congress had "screened" them.

That such a plan is in Mr. Marshall's mind was considered to be evident from the tenor of his "first things first" speech. He is also likely to give it his enthusiastic co-operation which includes already detailed military and political planning.

Manila As Free Port

MANILA, (Reuter). — Manila is likely to become the distribution centre for southern Asia if converted into a free port, stated Cornelio Balmaceda, former Director of Commerce, in a recent Open Forum wherein some of the country's leading economists participated.

Jose Ma Espino of the Foreign Affairs Department said the administration of customs regulations and in the loading and unloading of cargoes would be simple if Manila were made a free trade zone. He predicted an increased volume of transhipments.

Director of Commerce S R Mendinueto thinks there is no need of a free port here because (1) Manila—unlike Hongkong is not really entrepot—it is merely a terminal of trade in this part of the world (2) the project of establishing free zones for all interested nations would involve expenditure not commensurate with the benefits likely to be entailed, and (3) it would affect Philippine-American trade relations as outlined in the Bell-Trade Act by neutralising the preferential position of American products in the Philippine market.

Mysore Congress Recommends Formation Of Interim Govt.

New Ministry Should Take Immediate Steps To Set Up C. A., Says K. C. Reddy

MYSORE, Oct. 13 (A.P.I.): The Mysore State Congress would recommend the formation of an Interim Ministry immediately and the new Ministry would take immediate steps to set up the Constituent Assembly composed of elected representatives of the people to frame the Constitution Bill based on full responsible Government under the aegis of the Maharaja.

The new constitution would come in to being on 1 July, 1947. This was revealed by Mr. K. C. Reddy, President of the Mysore State Congress at a mammoth meeting here this evening after his interview with the Maharaja.

He said the agreement arrived at between the Mysore State Congress and the Mysore Government on outstanding political issues was that the present Ministry shall forthwith be dissolved and a new Ministry be installed in its place."

The State Congress will make recommendations for the formation of a Ministry which shall consist of not less than nine members at least six of whom shall be from the Congress and not less than three to be chosen from outside the Congress after consultation with such parties as may be deemed appropriate. The Ministry will function as a Cabinet with Dewan on the basis as long as it enjoys the confidence of the Legislature. The decision of the Cabinet shall be binding on the Dewan and the Ministers. The State Congress may appoint a chief Minister out of the nine Ministers. The new Ministry shall take immediate steps to set up a Constituent Assembly composed of representatives of the people to frame a Constitutional Bill based on full responsible Government under the aegis of the Maharaja. The Constituent Assembly shall be free to make such alterations in the schedule 1 of the earlier proclamation on September 24 and such variations in schedule 2 as it may deem necessary. The new constitution shall come into being on July 1, 1948.

Mr. K. Chengalvaroya Reddi, President of the Mysore State Congress.

MYSORE RULER APPROVES CONGRESS PLAN

Official Communique

BANGALORE, October 13 (API):—The terms of settlement between the State Congress and the Government of Mysore have been now published in an official communique released this morning from the Dewan's residence.

It says: The Maharaja of Mysore has been graciously pleased to signify his approval to the understanding that has been arrived at between the Dewan of Mysore and the President of the Mysore Congress regarding the reconstitution of the Ministry and setting up of a Constituent Assembly. The following are the terms of the agreement:—

Reconstitution of the Ministry: The present Ministry shall be dissolved and a fresh ministry constituted. The Mysore Congress will make recommendations for the Ministry after consultation with such other parties as may be deemed appropriate regarding non-Congress Ministers.

The Ministry shall consist of not less than nine members of which not less than six will be Congress and not less than three chosen from parties outside the Congress. The Ministry shall remain in office so long as it enjoys confidence of the Legislature. The Ministry shall function as a Cabinet with the Dewan who will continue in office and act on the basis of joint responsibility in all matters. The decisions of the Cabinet will be arrived at by a majority vote. One of the Ministers chosen from the Congress will be appointed Chief Minister.

Constituent Assembly: The new Ministry shall immediately set up a Constituent Assembly composed of elected representatives of the people. The Constituent Assembly will be entrusted with the task of framing a constitution bill for the State, based on full responsible Government under the aegis of His Highness. The Constituent Assembly may embody in the Bill to be framed such alterations as it deems necessary in the fundamentals contained in Schedule one of the Maharaja's proclamation and such variations as it may consider necessary regarding Schedule two. The new constitution shall come in force on or before July 1, 1948."

MYSORE RELEASES DETENUS

BANGALORE, October 13 (API):—Consequent on the termination of the Satyagraha movement the Government of Mysore have ordered the release of all detenus and all undertrial accused connected with the movement, it is officially announced.

The Government have also removed the ban imposed on the entry of certain newspapers into the State of Mysore.

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INDIA TYRES

Share Bazar Dull With Routine Trading

SHARP DROP IN BULLION MARKET ON NERVOUS HEAVY SELLING

Cotton Prices Decline On Long Liquidation

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady today and improved few points under scattered buying. At the rise there was increased selling pressure and the market kept on declining on increased offerings. Buyers were indifferent and the general feeling was hesitant. In view of various uncertainties, the Stock Exchange is not likely to move materially beyond technical readjustments from time to time.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 1845 and improved at Rs. 1857, but downturned at Rs. 1815. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 368 and after improving at Rs. 369 declined at Rs. 362|8. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1097|8 and after reaching Rs. 1100 declined at Rs. 1070. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 568 and declined at Rs. 558. Swadeshi mill shares opened at Rs. 597 and declined at Rs. 588.

Towards the close there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1820 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 365. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1080. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 562 and Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 230. Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 590. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 161, Scindia shares were done at Rs. 34/2. Central Banks were quoted at Rs. 86/4 and Burmas at Rs. 475

The sharp drop in Bullion prices had some depressing effect on the market. After the close Tata Steel Dfd. shares declined at Rs. 1810 but steadied at Rs. 1820.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1092/8 Kohinoor 564 Swadeshi 593 Nagpur 302 Simplex 231 New Great 372 Gokak 326 Indore 569 Century 975 Colaba 259 I. Bleaching 140 Swan 343 Finlay 300 Morarji 535 Edward 700 Meyer 231/4 Ripollo 3/14/6 I. U. Ordinary 15/7 I. U. Defd. 2/13 Madhusudan 285 Podar 323/12 Khatau 340/10

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 364/8 Tata Steel Dfd. 1830 Second 153/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 162

INDUSTRIES

Burma 477/8 Belapur 276 Shivrajpur 37 Scindia 34/5 Construction 188/8 Tata Chemical 14/6 Tata Oil 64 Indian Iron 34/13 Bengal Steel X. D. 26/12

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 125/4 Tata Hydro 178 Andhra 1615 Power 1775

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 82 Phoenix 1305 Ind. Mfg. 4460 Kooria 257/8 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 217/8 Minerva 200 Bradbury 620 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/4 Bharat 46 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 207/8 Laxmi 1655 Vishnu 650 Western 4315 Standard 508/12 Sholapur 6060 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4500 Tata 75 Ahmedabad Advance 427/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 20/8 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 380 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn. 125

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 146 (New) 110 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 155 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 156/4 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90

BANK SHARES

Reserve 116 Imperial 2250 P P 550 Central 88 Coupon 19 India 244 Union 10 Baroda 161 Habib 151 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 66 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 42 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 760 New India 71 Jupiter 33/12 Vulcan 14/6 Indian Mercantile 64/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud. 30/8 Neptune 6 New Great 27 All-India General 3

RAILWAYS

C. P. 1/8/12 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. R. 297/8 Steamer 560 Burma New 153/12 B B Petrol 3/9/6 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75/4 Kemp 502/8 Zandu Pharmacy 190 Indian Investment Trust 103 Wimco 272/8 Dharamsey Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 240 Supreme India 142/8 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 70 A.C.C. New 93 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 17/2

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 206/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1465 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 852/8 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Podar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec. 171/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127/8 (Second Pref.) 126/4 Amalgamated 138 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 (8) 107 (Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/1 B. I. C. 8/6 Burma Corporation 4 New Victoria 5/2 New Victoria Preference 6/8 Raja 29 Phalton 90 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 255 Ajamshahi 220 Air Service 13/6 Air India 180 Ambica 13/12 Hind Motors 7/6 I Steam 13/4 Sone Valley 9/4

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

The local Bullion Market was easy today with poor demand. As pointed out before professional operators have unloaded their holidays and are selling short. Daily arrivals are also above the average offtake and the market is reaching lower levels.

Yesterday the market was closed but privately silver business was done at Rs. 157. Today forward silver opened at Rs. 156|10 and improved at Rs. 157|6 under scattered covering but again declined at Rs. 156|14. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 156|8. Forward gold opened at Rs. 98-14 and improved at Rs. 99-10 but declined at Rs. 99-4. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 99-8. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 64-8.

Later on there was persistent selling which resulted in a further decline. The market was nervous and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	154	6	0
Forward Silver	154	4	0
Ready Gold	97	5	0
Forward Gold	97	2	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

The cotton market was quietly steady with moderate business passing. In view of the long range outlook being discouraging there is more disposition to offer distant months. This attitude on the part of operators is narrowing the spreads as compared with January delivery.

The market was expected to open at Rs. 471|8 for January delivery but the market opened at Rs. 472-12 and improved at Rs. 473|4 under scattered buying.

At this level the demand was satisfied and January contract quietened at Rs. 472|12 while March was done at Rs. 474|12.

Later on the market was quiet and moderate selling was in evidence which brought down January contract at Rs. 470|8. As pointed out before the general belief is against marked improvement in prices and the market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	470	8	0
I.C.C. March	472	12	0
I.C.C. May	479	4	0
I.C.C. July	486	12	0
I.C.C. Sept.	491	8	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 10.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Jan.	474	471-1/4	472-1/2
March	476	474-1/2	474-1/2
May	482-1/2	480-1/2	480-1/2
July	490	487-3/4	487-3/4
Sept.	496	492-1/4	492-1/4
Karachi 4F Jan.		51-7-0	51-7-0
Karachi Market closing 51-4-0.		Oct. 11 : 4F	Jan. 51-7-0

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR CLOSED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13.

Calcutta Stock Exchange is closed today.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, October 13

The Produce market was quietly steady with moderate business. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS: Khandesh quality Ready Rs. 30/8. Bold Rs. 29. Khandesh quality November-December Rs. 26/12. Bold November-December Rs. 26/7 and December-January Rs. 25/8. Oil Ready Rs 17/12, October Rs. 17/3, November Rs. 15/14 and December Rs. 15/6.

CASTORSEEDS: Ready Rs. 31, May delivery opened at Rs 127/12 and improved at Rs 128/7 but declined at Rs. 127/8.

LINSEED: Ready Rs. 31/4, September-October Rs. 30/12 and February March Rs. 26/3

Later on there was increased selling in the produce market which resulted in a steady decline and Castorseeds May stood at Rs. 126/6 at the close.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Oct 13.

Tata Ordinary 364/8 Tata Deferred 1830 Indian Iron 34/13 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/12 Bombay Dyeing 1092/8 Central India 301/14 Gokak 326/14 Kohinoor 563/12 Simplex 221 Swadeshi 593/2 Tata Power 1775 Associated Cement 162 Belapur 276/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 477/8 Scindia 34/5 Central Bank 95/2 New India 71/4 Tata 2nd Pref. 153/12

BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 10-10-1947 were as under:

Number of Cheques 170547.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 44,49,85,257|3.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

Bombay, Oct. 13.

MILLS

Apollo 4 3/14/6
Bharat 46
B. Dyeing 1100 1080 95 75 77/8 70 92/8
C. India 307 3 4 2 3 1 2
Elphinstone Ord 82
Elphinstone Pref. 122/8
Finlay 304 5 300
Gokak 330 23 30 24 26
I. U. Defd. 2/14 2/13
I. U. Ord 15/11 15/8 15/9 15/5 15/7
Indore 580 72/8 75 70 71/4 60 65
Khatau 340/10
Kohinoor 668 70 66 68 64 66 63 66 66 62 58 65 64
Meyer 232/8 30 31/4
Model 206/4 7/8 5 7/8
Morarji 535
New Great 372
Podar 323/12
Simplex 233 34 33 34 31 32 30 31
Swadeshi 596 98 90 93 87 90 86 90 94 93
Swan 344 43
Tata Mills 76 75
Vishnu 630

BANKS

Baroda 160/6 61
Central 87/8 88 87/4 87/8 87 83
Exchange 51 50
Habib 151
Imperial Old 2250 45 50
Imperial New 550
India 243 44
Reserve 116/4 15/12 16 15/8 16
Union x/15 10
U. Commercial 66

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 145 46/4
B. Tram Ord 125 24/8 25/4 25 25/12 25/4
Hydro 178 (Ex Div.)
Power 1777/8 75

INSURANCE

New India 70/8 71
Scindia 34/2 34/7 34/4 34/11 34/4 34/7 35/2 34/6 34/5

STEEL

B. Steel 27 26/14 27 26/12
I Iron 35 34/14 35 34/8 34/13
Tata Defd. 1845 57/8 30 52/8 15 20 15 25 5 30
Tata Ord 370 68/8 69 65/8 70 63 64 61/8 64/8
Tata IInd Pref. 153/8 53 53/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 300 295 97/8 (Ex Right)
A C C Old 162/8 62 62/8 61 62
A C C New 94 93
Belapur 277 74 77 76
B B Old 472/8 76/4 73/12 77/8
B B New 156/4 52/8 63/12
B B Petrol 3/1/3 3/0/6
I Bleaching 136 40
I I Trust 103
Port Canning 75/4
P Const. 193 91 91/8 88/8
Tata Chem. 14/4 14/6
Tata Oil 65 63 64
Wimco 273/12 72/8
Kemp Co. 3/1 4 2/8

SPECIAL

Central Coupon 19/8 19
Central Bank New 89
Simplex Coupon 124 26 23 25
Laxmi Cotton Pref. 308/12
Alembic Chemical 240

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c 1950	100	14	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	7	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	2	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	14	0
2-3/4 p.c 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c Non-Terminable	100	12	0
3 p.c 1986 Con.	100	14	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	6	0
3 p.c 1951-54	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	11	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	4	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	14	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	102	1	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100	4	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57	105	14	0
4 p.c 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	122	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. 1977	101	5	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	122	0	0

Indian Rubber Price

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (API).—The Price Advisory Committee of the Indian Rubber Board, it is understood, recommended to the Government of India as Rs. 72, as the price per hundred lbs. f.o.b. Cochin for Group 1 rubber.

An unauthorised report which had appeared in the press some time ago to the effect that the price recommended was Rs. 78 per cwt. is incorrect.

KARACHI MARKET

KARACHI, Oct. 11.

Cottonseed N. T. Ready 9/12 Jany. 80 easy account of selling pressure Gold Ready 99/8 Sovereigns 64/8 easier on lower Bombay advices and more selling pressure from upcountry refugees cotton ready 40/8 Sind N T Roller 60 Punjab LSS Roller 56 Jany. 51/4 quiet but steady spot business 2840 principally of N T cottons exports 1722 bales all for foreign countries.

JAP TEXTILES WON'T HIT BRITAIN

Tory M. P.'s View

TOKYO, Oct. 13 (Reuter).—Britain need not fear Japanese textile competition if industry in Japan is run on a fair commercial basis with a comparative standard of living and pay for the operatives, Mr. Stanley Prescott, Conservative Member of Parliament for Darwen (Lancashire), said at a Press Conference here today.

Mr. Prescott is one of the delegation of British Members of Parliament visiting Japan under the leadership of the Rev. Gordon Lang (Labour Member for Stalybridge).

DEAL TO JAPAN

Mr. John Paton, Labour Member for Norwich, said Japan's industrial level should be resolved on a progressive basis giving the Japanese sufficient to feed themselves and maintain a satisfactory standard of living.

He added that security had to be remembered and the level should not be so high as to give Japan an overwhelming industrial influence to the detriment of her neighbours.

ARGENTINE CREDIT TO RUMANIA

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 13 (Reuter).—Argentina has agreed to grant Rumania credit of 25 million dollars under a trade agreement just signed between the two countries. Exports which are to be exclusively for consumption in Rumania will include cattle hides and wool.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/5 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B. O. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs 3650

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —

Hongkong Banks Selling T T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T. D. D. Rs. 187.

New York/London Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/8 to 4.03 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:

Steady dull.

London Disct. 3 Months 17/32 pc.

London Disct. 6 Months 9/16-5/8 pc.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 pc. Bank of England Rate 2 pc.

Money:—Call 1/2 pc 3 Months 1-2 pc, 6 Months 3/4 pc, 12 Months 1 1/4 pc

Tone.—Easy

Dwindling Of Cotton Stocks In Karachi

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 12: Since Sep. 1, 1947 exports totalled 1,55,000 bales of cotton from Karachi as against only 4,810 bales arrived from upcountry which clearly indicates the more and more dwindling of cotton stocks in Karachi, one of the biggest markets in this commodity.

Stocks of cotton in Karachi now remain only about 1 lac bales as against 1,65,000 in the previous week and 3,10,000 during this time last year. Again, 60,000 out of these 1 lac bales are with the exporters awaiting shipment while only 40,000 bales remain unsold with the dealers.

Cotton market in Karachi for some time has been showing upward tendency owing to the smallness of supplies and late Punjab crop. The buyers, however, being mostly European companies who have taken advantage of the present disturbed conditions and the migration of non-Muslim merchants.

Russia May Become Top Cotton Producing Country In World

MOSCOW, Oct. 10 (UPA). The United States soon will be displaced by Russia as the top cotton country in the world according to the opinion of cotton merchant Beryl Lush of Philadelphia who has been coming here for 12 years to buy cotton. He said the Americans had overlooked the significance of the expansion of the industry here. "Particularly they seem to be failing to take note that the United States is about to lose its place as the world's Number One cotton producer and marketeer.

Lush said that the Russian Five Year Plan could boost the cotton output in 1950 to 12,000,000 bales which is "more than what the U. S. produces. Lush has purchased and sent to the U. S. the first naturally grown and coloured cotton shipped from the Soviet Union. He said he was convinced of the commercial possibilities of such cotton.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Crop Making Rapid Progress Under Bright Weather

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. have issued the following weekly report:—

The New York Cotton Futures market recovered the ground which it had lost in the previous week and further registered a sizeable advance in prices, during the week under review. An official crop estimate even lower than the low expectation, and the pending additional purchases of the C. C. C. for export to Japan, provided the main impetus for the upswing. Despite peak crop movement period, the volume of hedges remained very small. Active covering and mill buying were prominent features.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has given the Fourth Cotton Crop Estimate for U. S. A. for the 1947 season. It puts production at 11,508,000 B/s. condition 72 per cent and yield per acre 261.3 lbs. The Census Bureau of the Dept. of Commerce issued its ginning Report of the season as 3,899,000 running bales prior to October 1.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The announcement that the Egyptian Government has decided to reopen the Futures market for cotton at Alexandria has not evoked any special enthusiasm in World Trade circles. The Egyptian Cabinet has not yet made up its mind regarding the extent of Government control over futures transactions. It is yet in the deliberative stage. Opinions greatly vary on the vital questions of minimum prices and basic grade of tender cotton. The question whether the currency in which the trading will be conducted, is to be a sterling area currency or some other type is still unsettled. All these factors combine to make the early opening of the Alexandria Futures market problematic.

The Egyptian official cotton crop estimate puts the yield equal to last year's, despite higher acreage this year. This is considered satisfactory in view of the severe worm-attack some time ago. The main feature of the new season is the higher estimates of Ashmouni and Zagora varieties which are put at 4,400,000 cantars as against 1,800,000 cantars last year. Correspondingly the longer staples have shown a huge fall from 4,000,000 cantars to 1,500,000 cantars. This massive shift from long to short staples has been deliberately planned to make the supply conform to the world demand.

The Egyptian Government has further decided to suspend all sale of Government owned cotton to alleviate the prevalent fears amongst the producers of a decline in Egyptian cotton prices.

The Canadian war-time Prices and Trade Board has abolished all controls on cotton textiles amongst other thing and in addition also lifted all subsidies on imports of raw materials and manufactured goods. The present cotton textile prices, which were based on a raw cotton cost of 27.2 cents per lb., will have to undergo upward readjustment, on account of the higher raw cotton price, as a result of the subsidy withdrawal.

LOCAL MARKET.

The Bombay Futures market continues to show steady upward movement, though the highest and lowest points during the week were confined within a range of five rupees between Rs. 469-3/4 and 474-1/4 for the first month. The difference between the January and the March position hovers around Rs. 6. The undertone in the market is, on the whole, very steady.

Ready cotton at Sewree is giving ample support to the brighter outlook at Kalbadevi. While there is moderate demand from mill and investors, inquiry is very keen from shippers for desirable Broach varieties and all American seed cottons of Pakistan. Jarilla and Cambodia have an uncertain future, for their demand will inversely with the availability of Punjab L. S. S. and 289F. varieties, for which they can be substitutes in the Union of India.

Karachi Futures market in 4F started functioning on the 8th inst. It opened at Rs. 51, January delivery and remained almost steady throughout the session, closing at the same rate. The present parity difference between 4F and Jarilla is nearly Rs. 17.

Proposals for making Pakistan self-sufficient in cotton piecegoods are in the news. Reports have it that seventeen textile mills with about 370,000 spindles are proposed to be established in that dominion; out of these, five mills are contemplated for Sind, including Khairpur and Bahawalpur States. It is a welcome feature of the plan that two-thirds of the total spindles will be earmarked for spinning yarn for coarse cloth to meet the needs of the poorer people. The trade will watch with interest the translation of the plan into action.

Following the recent heavy general rainfall there has been the much-needed spell of clear and bright weather. This is enabling crops to make further rapid progress everywhere.

We have received the following telegram from our Karachi Office dated 9th inst:—

"Weather fair. Kappas arrivals moderate. Factories functioning, though with labour handicap. A few new crop lots already loaded for Karachi. Good demand for new crop N. T. from exporters; but sellers cautious, premiums firm. Ready position especially staple very tight on account of large consignments to Bombay, sizeable uptake in fully good Bengal old.

Split In Transvaal Muslim League

Dinath Accused Of Co-operation With Congress

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 13 (Reuter): A split between two factions of Transvaal Muslims widened today when nearly 4,000 members of the Transvaal Muslim League voted 'no confidence' in the League's President Mr. M. A. Dinath and held a fresh election, choosing Dr. M. A. Munshi as President. A new Committee was also elected.

In a statement last night Dr. Dinath declared that the meeting and the election were unconstitutional and that he would probably take legal action to have them invalidated. He said an official mass meeting of the Muslim League was due on November 16.

DINATH'S ANTI-GOVT. POLICY OBJECTED

The Secretary elected today, Mr. A. I. Minty, said: A majority of League members objected to Mr. Dinath's following the anti-Government policy of the Transvaal Indian Congress. The League has done no constructive work since its inception and reorganisation is needed so that the League might in future follow the policy of the Pakistan Government. Mr. Minty said: "It is our firm resolve to work for round table conference between Pakistan, India and the Union Government to try to bring about an equitable, just settlement of the present dispute between these Governments".

Another speaker said that Dinath was instrumental in persuading the Pakistan Government not to accept coal from South Africa and because of this 50,000 tubes of anti-cholera vaccine which were ready for shipment from South Africa to Pakistan were not sent.

The meeting passed a resolution amending the League's constitution so that new elections could be made.

40 RESISTERS OCCUPY DURBAN MUNICIPAL LAND

DURBAN, Oct. 13 (Reuter): For the first time in three weeks, passive resisters numbering 40 occupied Durban Municipal land at one of the main streets. Refusing to disperse, their names were taken down by the police and were warned to appear before the Magistrate tomorrow.

The resisters, who included several Indians from Transvaal and 6 women, were led by Mr. Y. A. Cachalia, Joint Secretary of the Transvaal Indian Congress.

Distortions Are Harmful

Listowel Criticises Exaggeration Of Happenings In India

OXFORD, Oct. 13 (Reuter): The Earl of Listowel, Secretary of State for Burma, criticised here last night what he described as exaggerated accounts of what has been happening in India.

"The distortions and exaggerated accounts which have appealed in certain quarters have been harmful to our relations with India and Pakistan have inflammed passions on both sides caused much mental distress to people with friends and relations in both Dominions", he said. "What those who complain about our policy forget is that had we followed the policy of staying put, all the blood shed and suffering of the last two months in the Punjab would have been a trifle compared with the strife which would have broken-out at the prospect of continued British rule. What our critics should do is to keep a sense of proportion and realise that the recent communal disturbances in India were entirely limited to the two provinces into which the old Punjab was divided.

"The average citizen of both India and Pakistan had not been involved and by far the greater part of both Dominion has been and still is entirely peaceful. Having been in Delhi and Karachi recently, I can speak from personal experience of the zeal and efficiency with which both Dominions are grappling with the problems which face them".

ARCHDUKE WILHELM OF HAPSBURG MISSING

VIENNA, October 13 (Reuter): Close friends of Archduke Wilhelm of Hapsburg, who has been missing since August 26, said here that a letter had been received saying he was interned by the Russians in a camp near Wiener Neustadt, 30 miles south of Vienna.

The Archduke, who served as an officer in a Ukranian regiment in the first world war and was designated "King of the Ukraine" about 1920, became friendly with a young Ukrainian refugee student shortly before he disappeared.

The student was also reported to have been taken off by the Russians. The Archduke was last seen in a restaurant in the international sector of Vienna where he habitually lunched. Since August 26 he has not returned to his flat and all attempts of the Vienna police to trace him have failed.

U. S. AIRFORCE TESTS NEW JET BOMBER

WASHINGTON, (Reuter): The United States Air Forces are testing a new jet bomber which may attain speeds greater than those of jet fighters.

The new bomber, the XB-47, has sharply swept back wings and tail surfaces, six General Electric jet engines and two rocket motors near the tail to be used for emergency bursts of power.

The XB-47 is about the same size of a B-29 Superfortress, with a wing-span of 116 feet and length about 108 feet. Wings are exceptionally thin. Streamlining is stressed, with special gun mounts to prevent gun muzzle projections from causing air turbulence.

U. S. Planes Chase A Hurricane

MIAMI (Florida) October 13 (Reuter): United States army and navy planes early to-day were chasing a small but freakish hurricane which caused the highest floods in thirty years in South-East Florida before its centre moved out into the Atlantic. They were making a reconnaissance with a view to dropping dry ice pellets into the storm clouds to produce precipitation.

Damage done by the hurricane was minor but hundreds of homes were isolated by the floods.

Scientists were preparing to watch the test with intense interest, as no one could foretell what might happen to the hurricane when the pellets were scattered. A United States army air corps spokesman said the army and navy had ten planes tracking the storm to study the effects of the icing, but he added:

"There are not enough planes and pilots in the United States to reduce a hurricane's potential by five per cent by dropping dry ice".

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AB. 28

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MUTT AND JEFF—Nor Has This Anything To Do With The English Speaking Union Or Russian Caviar By BUD FISHER

YES, JEFF OLD BOY, I GOT 'IT ON THE 'EAD WITH THE 'ICKERY 'ANDLE OF A 'AMMER!
YOU'RE THE SAME OLD COCKNEY JOE HARRISON! CALL UP MUTT AND TELL HIM YOU JUST ARRIVED FROM LONDON!
THIS IS JOE 'ARRISON! ARE YOU THERE?
HELLO! WHO? I CAN'T HEAR YOU!
'E SAYS 'E CAWN'T 'EAR ME!
SPELL YOUR NAME. HE'LL GET IT!
THIS IS 'ARRISON! HAITCH, HAY, TWO HARS A HI, A HESS, A HO AND A HEN! 'ARRISON!
HI SAY- ARE YOU THERE?
WHAT T'ELL?

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted one L.C.P.S. for Malan Dispensary. Apply with testimonials to Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur State, Palanpur (N. G.) 5638

Wanted experienced European, Christian or Parsee, weaving, spinning and engineering, assistants willing to work in Pakistan in a large Cotton Mill. Apply with full particulars and salary expected to Box No. 5639, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced and capable Offset Printers and Feeders. Decent salary and good prospects for the right men. Apply stating qualification, experience and salary expected to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (7202)

PERSONAL ADLETS

Mr. R. V. S. Mani continues to represent the firm, as a Partner, on original terms, till dissolution is effected. World-wide Trading Corporation, Bombay. 7204

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Hindu public very respectable, searching permanent house accommodation in Bombay suburban for one family, i.e., father and mother, his wife and 3|4 children only, who may like to accommodate themselves in one independent block of 2 rooms each 9 x 12 ft. one veranda 35 x 6 ft. plus kitchen of 6 x 6 ft. latrine and bath room 3 x 6 ft. each, water and electricity laid down, sanitary fittings. Rent Rs. 125|- per month, three years rent in advance Rs. 4,500|-, no pugree. Lease renewable at option of tenants three months before expiry of three years. Immediate occupation to be given at Matheran, thereafter shifted to Borivli, when proposed building is complete at Borivli within one to six months. Respectable Hindu public without engagement at present will have the advantage of best climate, pure Hindu locality at Matheran and Borivli, and if they have office engagements at present, they can keep their family at Matheran and go there weekly, keeping themselves alone in Hotels. Matheran Hills is between Bombay and Poona, train journey four hours. There are only eight blocks proposed to construct at Borivli, and gentlemen may write or meet personally Mr. Jwalaprasad, Banker, "Dhun Villa", Matheran up to 20th. (5637)

(HOTELS IN HILL STATION)

When on visit to Dehu Siding, step in the Union of India Restaurant. All varieties of Meals Supplied, at Low Prices. 7206

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale Bungalow belonging to late Mrs. Baker, built on European style, very comfortable for 2/3 families, or several families in servants quarters and compound by fixing tent, compound alone 2½ acres with one Well and two Tube Wells, situated at Kolshet Road, Thana. Bungalow 3½ miles from Thana Station and 23 miles from Bombay, half mile from Bus stand. Beautiful climate, site and scene. Bears absolute comforts for owners of conveyance or cyclists Price Rs. 30.000/-, or three years rent in advance Rs. 7.200/-. Apply The Jwala Palace. Borivli or telephone 84019. 5396

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For immediate sale, One Singer Saloon Car 10 H.P. 1947 Model; Only a few thousand miles run. Apply Box No. 5601, "Bombay Chronicle."

For immediate sale one 1938 Model Mercerez Benz Saloon Car 14 H.P. in quite good and running condition. Car can be inspected at the Hirjee Mills Office, Fergusson Road, Lower Parel. (5602)

MOTOR TRUCKS PARTS

Wanted Replacement Parts for Dodge three ton Trucks—Model—T. 234. Firms who can supply them are requested to write for tender forms and Specifications, by the 25th October, 1947, to The Director of Transport, Travancore State, Trivandrum. 5640

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Wholesale Dealers, Distributors, Stockists and Agents for sole selling rights of mustard oil and cakes and groundnut oil. Only respectable dealers or agents in trade need apply. Due to shortage, stocks will be supplied in strict rotation. Apply to Kropki Oil Mills Ltd., Mainpuri (U.P.) (7194)

Wanted—Agents for the Sale of Chronicle at Karachi, Hyderabad Sind. Apply for terms to Box No. 2000 "Bombay Chronicle". Bombay.

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Genuine investing partner wanted (No Brokers). Entirely new house building plan. Investment withdrawable after one year. Apply Box No. 7203, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Johnson's Ammonium Biphosphate Technically Pure Quality for Litho Works. Send offers with prices to Famous Cine Litho Works 40B. Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (7202)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE
IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

IT HAS ALREADY BEEN ANNOUNCED through the Press that imports of pulses and Semolina, where shipment can be effected before the 15th October, 1947, will be allowed freely through the trade. It has now been decided that the import of pulses and semolina as cannot be shipped by that date and pearl barley and self raising flour should be covered by specific import licences. Applications for such licences for shipments from 15th October, 1947, to 31st December, 1947, should be submitted to the Chief Controller of Imports, Government of India, New Delhi, so as to reach him NOT LATER THAN 31ST OCTOBER, 1947.

2. As the available foreign exchange is limited preferences would be given to applicants who would import their commodities at prices considered reasonable by the Ministry of Commerce. The import will be subject to the condition that the Ministry of Food, Government of India, shall have the first lien on the goods after their arrival in India. In cases where the consignment is taken over by the Government of India or is allotted to the Provincial or State Administrations the importer will be paid the c.i.f. price PLUS a commission of 2%. In the case of other sales, the importer will be permitted to charge a commission of 5% on the c.i.f. price.

3. The application should be in the following form:

1. Name of the applicant and address (Postal & Telegraphic).
2. Country from which goods will be shipped.
3. Particulars of goods showing quantity, quality, specifications and the c.i.f. price.
4. Name and address of the shipper.
5. Number and date or order of supplier.
6. Port of import and period of shipment.

A declaration in the following form should be signed at the foot of the application:—

"I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and belief. I/We further agree not to dispose of the consignments except in accordance with such directions as may be issued by the Director General of Food, Ministry of Food, New Delhi.

I/We agree to accept price as follows:—

(a) For quantity directed by the Director General of Food to be sold to the Central Government or a Provincial Government or a State Admn. in India at c.i.f. price plus 2%, and
(b) For other sales at c.i.f. price plus 5%".

4. Incomplete applications will not be given any consideration.

V. D. MADGAVKAR,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 13th October, 1947.
(5644)

JHARIA WATER BOARD.
WANTED

ONE ASSISTANT ENGINEER, temporarily for one year with prospect of being made permanent on a scale of Rs. 250-25/1-450 per month, with dearness allowance at the rates sanctioned by the Board and free quarters or in liew thereof a house rent at the usual rate. Starting salary higher than the initial may be given to a specially qualified and experienced hand. Qualifications:—The candidate must be a graduate in Civil Engineering of any Indian or British University with atleast two years' experience in the design and construction of Water and Drainage and Survey work.

No T.A either for joining or for interview will be paid. The selected candidate will have to join the post immediately. Application in candidate's own handwriting, stating age, educational qualification, with necessary certificates and testimonials should reach the Secretary, Jharia Water Board, Dhanbad, on or before the 5th November, 1947.

(Sd.) L. PRASAD,
Secretary,
Jharia Water Board.
5592

BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY
CLAIMS FOR REFUND OF OVERCHARGES

THE PUBLIC ARE ADVISED that Notice of claims for Refund of Overcharges may be served on the undernoted official—

THE REFUNDS OFFICER,
B.N. Rly. House, Kidderpore,
CALCUTTA.

Any notice so served will be treated as equivalent to one served on the B. N. Railway Administration in compliance with the provisions of Section 77 and 140 of the Indian Railways Act.

INCORRECT ADDRESS
WILL CAUSE
UNNECESSARY DELAY
GENERAL MANAGER.
(5633)

NOTICE.

Wanted II class Graduates below 25 immediately for a few posts of temporary Upper Division Clerks Men as well as women with Bombay Domicile eligible. Apply to Chief Auditor, G.I.P. Railway Bombay V.T. by 21st October latest. 5630

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180'- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors, Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

JUHU MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the inhabitants of the Municipal District of Juhu that the Municipality desire to impose an Entertainment Tax as defined herebelow.

The following new tax called an Entertainment Tax shall be levied as item 6 to the Schedule of Taxes (E) to the Municipal Rules.

No. Name of Tax.	Class of person or property liable.	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable.	Exemption.	Time at which tax payable.
6. Entertainment Tax.	The person or body of persons who runs, manages and collects the takings of a Circus, or a silent or Talkies Cinema House or Show, or Public performances of Dances, Musical Concerts, Tamashas or Public Dances or any other public entertainments at which entrance or other fees are charged.	Rs. 3|- per performance	The Managing Committee may sanction a refund of the tax or grant an exemption from the payment of the tax in cases of performances the whole income of which is devoted to charitable or educational or religious purposes. If satisfactory evidence is produced that a performance in respect of which advance recovery of the tax has been made has not actually taken place, the tax recovered shall be refunded.	In advance before each performance.

Any inhabitant of the Municipal District objecting to the proposed tax, may within one month from the date of this notice send his objections in writing to the Municipality.

J. CREADO,
President.
Juhu Municipality.
No. T|846 of 1947-48.
Municipal Office:
Juhu, dated, 10th Oct. 1947. 5635

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
(APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT ENGINEER, III GRADE—ELECTRICAL)
NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites applications for the post of Assistant Engineer, III Grade (Electrical) in the Mechanical Branch, on or before Friday the 7th November, 1947. The present grade of the post is Rs. 200-20-400 with a motor car allowance of Rs. 100|- per month. This grade is proposed to be revised to Rs. 300-25-450 E.B. 30-750 (motor car allowance remaining the same). Applicants should be graduates in Electrical Engineering and must possess the First Class Competency Certificate of the Bombay Public Works Department; Corporate Membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (London) or of the Institution of Engineers (India) will be deemed an additional qualification. Applicants must have at least three years' practical experience in design, estimate, installation, maintenance and repairs of Transformer Sub-Stations, pump and compressor motors and accessories, electric lifts, fans and wiring installations. The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or should have at the time of appointment a domicile in the Province of Bombay or in an Indian State, lying within the geographical limits of the Province of Bombay. Age limit—thirty years which may be relaxed in an exceptional case. The appointment will be on probation for a period of 12 months in the first instance. The selection of the candidate shall be subject to the production of a certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner for physical fitness. The post is amenable to benefits of Leave and Provident Fund Rules under the Municipal Regulations. Municipal employees are eligible to apply for the post. Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective Superiors. Applicants, if called for interview, will have to do so at their own expense. Applications should be made in the prescribed form which can be had in the office of the Special Engineer on payment of annas eight for each form between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. (Bombay Time) from Monday to Friday and between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Saturday and addressed to "The Special Engineer, Municipal Offices, Bombay 1" by Registered Post. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify a candidate for appointment. 5631

NOTICE
THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. & TRADING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate Nos. 7805, 21755, 18634 and 18350 for 165 shares of the above Company standing in the name of late Mr Christovao Xavier D Guerra have been LOST or MISLAID. Any person having any claim over the said shares should notify to the Company at its Registered Office at "Scindia House", Ballard Estate, Bombay No. 1 within.....days from the date hereof. Otherwise, steps will be taken to obtain the duplicate certificates from the Company.

JEROME GUERRA,
Signature of Shareholder.
(7200)

NOTICE
THE MALABAR PAPER MILLS LIMITED,
Trichinopoly.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS are meeting to allot shares on the 15th day of October 1947.

JAYASHREE & COMPANY.
Managing Agents.
5642

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
CHANGE OF ADDRESS OF CHIEF COMMERCIAL MANAGER'S OFFICE

THE COMMERCIAL BRANCH of the East Indian Railway, consisting of Coaching Rates, Coaching Refunds, Goods Rates and Research Sections hitherto located in the East Indian Railway House, Fairlie Place, is being shifted to 3, Koilaghat Street, old B. A. Railway Office Building (Second Floor). All correspondence to the Chief Commercial Manager, East Indian Railway therefore with effect from the 11th October be addressed at the new Offices at 3, Koilaghat Street. (Telephone: Calcutta 6720).

CHIEF COMMERCIAL MANAGER.
Calcutta, 6th October, 1947.
(5632)

NOTICE
Schedule B (Hd. Qr.)—Form No. 47

SECRETARY, JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION for Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Orissa, P.O. Hinoo, Ranchi invites applications on or before the 18th November, 1947, on the prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for a permanent post of an Assistant Professor of Experimental Psychology in the senior branch of Class II of the Bihar Educational Service on a provisional pay of Rs. 200|- rising to Rs. 700|- plus the cost of living allowance as admissible under orders of the Government of Bihar for so long as they are in force. Higher start in the scale may be given to a really suitable candidate. Candidates must possess a first or second class M.A. or M.Sc. degree in Experimental Psychology and have experience of teaching in a degree college and some original research and laboratory experience in Psychology. 5643

WANTED

INDIAN ASSOCIATION for the Cultivation of Science, Calcutta.—Wanted (1) a Senior Research Scholar and (2) a Junior Research Scholar to work under the Professor of Physics in the Optics Department, and (3) a Junior Research Scholar to work under the Professor of Physical Chemistry. The Senior Research Scholar will be appointed temporarily for five years in the grade Rs. 200-20-300; and Junior Scholars for two years only on Rs. 150|- p.m. For (1) and (2), candidates should be first or second class M.Sc.'s in Pure Physics and in the case of (1) preference will be given to those who have experience in researches in the Raman Effect. For (3), candidates must be first or second class M.Sc.'s in Physical or Organic Chemistry, having interest in researches on high polymers. Applications should reach the Registrar on or before 15th November, 1947. 5641

NOTICE
IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.
and of
JAMBUSAR ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO., LIMITED
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the abovenamed Company will be held at Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of October, 1947, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.), for the purpose of having the account of the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company is being disposed of, laid before such Meeting, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator.

Dated this 8th day of October 1947.

P. C. HANSOTIA,
Liquidator.
(7207)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England)

THE AGENT & GENERAL MANAGER, Barsi Light Railway Co., Ltd. Kurduwadi invites tenders with samples for the supply of 100 cases of 60 bars each of decent quality washing soap so as to reach this office by the 20th October, 1947, before 3 p.m. The soap will have to be supplied within a week of the acceptance of tender. The tenders should be in a sealed envelope marked "Tender for Bar Soap". 5634

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 83467/83468 on the life of Joquim St. Anne Gonsalves duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

T. C. KAPUR,
Manager.
Bombay Mutual Bldg.,
Fort, Bombay.
Date 13-10-47.
(7209)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF MILITARY STRUCTURES.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Office of A. D. L. H. & D. Service, S.Q. B Area, Bom.

By order of the above office M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, 20th inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Plot Nos. 25-34, Colaba Land & Mills Co., Ltd. adjacent to Strand Cinema.

9 Buildings of Brickwalls, Mangalore Tiled Roofs on ballie rafters about 34,519 sq. ft., 7 Buildings of Brick and Chatai walls, Mangalore Tiled Roofs about 22,220 sq. ft., Barbed Wire Fencing about 1,200 sq. ft., Water, Drainage and E. L. Supply.

Terms: 25% Cash Deposit.
BENNETT & CO.

SALE ON TUESDAY, 14TH OCTOBER, 1947, AT 3 P.M. AT THE SALEROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

Old Bronze Idols of Hindu deities, cut glass standard chandeliers, marble figures, Majolica, Japanese and Chinese Decorative Articles, Portable Gramophone, Beading and Leather Machines and other useful articles.

Sole on WEDNESDAY, 15th October, 1947, at 3 p.m.

173 Pairs Ladies Shoe of various designs.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

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Dr Degun's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles No risk Thousands cured without operation Safe sure world wide reputed and tested Success guaranteed Particulars free Price Rs 5 Postage As 12
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Panchpota, BENGAL

MORE AND MORE POPULAR
Bears'
HONEYDEW
Cigarettes
THOMAS BEAR & SONS. LONDON

The Lalimli Tree, the trade mark of the famous Lalimli Pure Wool Fabrics, is front page news today, because Government restrictions on the sale of woollen goods have been removed, and Lalimli products will be available in limited quantities this season.

Stocks are limited, and although the Lalimli Mills are doing their best to meet the demand, you should visit your local stockists early to see the Lalimli price list and range of new materials.

TWEEDS * WORSTEDS * LOHIS * KNITTING YARNS
TRAVELLING RUGS * BLANKETS * KNITTED WEAR, Etc.

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THE CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS, CAWNPORE

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